1	Louisiana Administrative Code									
2										
3 4	Title 46 – Professional and Occupational Standards									
5	Part LIII: Pharmacists									
6 7	Chapter 24. Limited Service Providers									
8	Chapter 2 iv Emilieu Service 1 Toviders									
9	Subchapter E. Marijuana Pharmacy									
10										
11	§2440. Preamble; Warning; Consultation Suggested									
12	A. Pursuant to Act 261 of the Regular Session of the 2015 Legislature as well as subsequent amendments, the									
13	Board of Pharmacy was directed to:									
14	1. develop an annual, nontransferable specialty license for a pharmacy to dispense recommended marijuana									
15	for therapeutic use, to limit the number of such licenses to a maximum of 10, and to adopt rules regarding									
16	the geographical locations of dispensing pharmacies in the state; and									
17	2. adopt rules relating to the dispensing of recommended marijuana for therapeutic use, with such rules to									
18	include, at a minimum, the following:									
19	a. standards, procedures, and protocols for the effective use of recommended marijuana for therapeutic									
20	use as authorized by state law and related rules;									
21	b. standards, procedures, and protocols for the dispensing and tracking of recommended therapeutic									
22	marijuana;									
23	c. procedures and protocols to provide that no recommended therapeutic marijuana may be dispensed									
24	from, produced from, obtained from, sold to, or transferred to a location outside of this state;									
25	d. standards, procedures, and protocols for determining the amount of usable recommended therapeutic									
26	marijuana that is necessary to constitute an adequate supply to ensure uninterrupted availability for a									
27	period of one month, including amount for topical treatments;									
28	e. standards, procedures, and protocols to ensure all recommended therapeutic marijuana dispensed, with									
29	the exception of raw or crude marijuana product, is consistently pharmaceutical grade.									
30	f. standards and procedures for the revocation, suspension, and nonrenewal of licenses;									
31	g. other licensing, renewal, and operational standards deemed necessary by the Board of Pharmacy;									
32 33	h. standards and procedures for testing recommended therapeutic marijuana samples for levels of									
34	tetrahydrocannabinols (THC) or other testing parameters deemed appropriate by the Board of Pharmacy:									
35	i. standards for the protection of health, safety, and security for dispensers of recommended therapeutic									
36	marijuana;									
37	i. standards for the licensure of dispensers of recommended therapeutic marijuana; and									
38	k. standards for financial capacity to operate a marijuana pharmacy.									
39	1. limitations on dispensing of raw or crude marijuana.									
40	B. Marijuana is classified as a schedule I controlled substance by the U.S. Department of Justice, Drug									
41	Enforcement Administration.									
42	1. As provided by the federal Controlled Substances Act, the procurement, possession, prescribing,									
43	distribution, dispensing, or administering of any schedule I controlled substance, including marijuana, is a									
44	violation of federal law.									
45	2. Neither Louisiana law nor this Part can preempt federal law. Therefore, the provisions of this Subchapter									
46	notwithstanding, persons engaged in the activities described herein remain subject to the full force of									
47	federal law enforcement, including arrest and prosecution of criminal charges, the assessment of civil fines									
48	and forfeitures, as well as administrative consequences such as forfeiture of federal controlled substance									
49	registrations and exclusion from Medicare and other federal payer programs.									
50	C. For the foregoing reasons, pharmacists and other persons credentialed by the board may wish to consult with									
51	their own legal counsel as well as any health care facility, private or governmental payor with which they are									
52	affiliated, professional liability insurers, and financial institutions with which they maintain depository relationships									
53	before engaging in the activities described herein.									
54	ALITHODITY NOTE, December 4 in accordance with D.C. 40.1047									
55	AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.									

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1538 (August 2017), amended LR
 48:1902 (July 2022), repealed LR

58 59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74 75

76

77

78

79

80

81 82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91 92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102 103

104

105 106

109

110

§2441. Definitions

A. As used in this Subchapter, the following terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section: Administer - the direct application of marijuana to the body of a qualifying patient by ingestion or any other means. Advertisement—all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of marijuana, excluding information of an educational nature designed to inform citizens of the nature and form of the state's therapeutic marijuana program and its legally permitted products.

Agent - an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of another person. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.

Approved Safe—a safe which conforms to or exceeds all of the following standards:

- a. shall have the following specifications or the equivalent:
 - i. 30 man minutes against surreptitious entry;
 - ii. 10 man minutes against forced entry;
 - iii. 20 man hours against lock manipulation; and
 - iv. 20 man hours against radiological techniques;
- b. if it weighs less than 750 pounds, is bolted or cemented to the floor or wall in such a way it cannot be readily removed; and
- e. is equipped with an alarm system which, upon attempted unauthorized entry, shall transmit a signal directly to a central protection company or a local or state police agency which has a legal duty to respond, or a 24hour control station operated by the licensee, or such other protection as the board or its designee may approve.

Approved Vault

- a. a vault constructed before, or under construction on, September 1, 1971, which is of substantial construction with a steel door, combination or key lock, and an alarm system; or
- b. a vault constructed after September 1, 1971:
 - i. the walls, floors, and ceilings of which are constructed of at least 8 inches of reinforced concrete or other substantial masonry, reinforced vertically and horizontally with one half inch steel rods tied 6 inches on center, or the structural equivalent to such reinforced walls, floors, and ceilings;
 - ii. the door and frame unit of which vault shall conform to the following specifications or the equivalent:
 - (a). thirty man minutes against surreptitious entry;
 - (b). ten man minutes against forced entry;
 - (e). twenty man hours against lock manipulation; and
 - (d). twenty man hours against radiological techniques;
 - iii. which vault, if operations require it to remain open for frequent access, is equipped with a "day gate" which is self-closing and self-locking or the equivalent, for use during the hours of operation in which the vault door is open;
 - iv. the walls or perimeter of which are equipped with an alarm which, upon unauthorized entry, shall transmit a signal directly to a central station protection company, or a local or state police agency which has a legal responsibility to respond, or a 24-hour control station operated by the licensee, or such other protection as the board or its designee may approve, and if necessary, alarm buttons at strategic points of entry to the perimeter area of the vault;
 - v. the door of which shall be equipped with one or more contact switches; and
 - vi. which vault has one of the following:
 - (a). complete electrical lacing of the walls, floor and ceiling;
 - (b). sensitive ultrasonic equipment within the vault;
 - (c). sensitive sound accumulator system; or
 - (d). such other device designed to detect illegal entry as may be approved by the board.
- Authorized Clinician licensed health professionals authorized pursuant to R.S. 40:1046.
- 107 *Board* the Louisiana Board of Pharmacy.
- 108 *CFR* Code of Federal Regulations.
 - Deliver or Delivery the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of marijuana, whether or not there is an agency relationship.

- 111 Financial Interest any actual, or a future right to, ownership or investment, either directly or indirectly, through
- business, investment or immediate family. Financial interest does not include ownership of investment securities in a
- publicly-held corporation that is traded on a national exchange or over-the-counter market, provided the investment
- securities held by such person do not exceed 5 percent of the total number of shares issued by the corporation.
- 115 Immediate Family R.S. 42:1102; i.e., his children and the spouses of his children, his brothers and their spouses,
- his sisters and their spouses, his parents, his spouse, and the parents of his spouse.
- 117 *LDAF* the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry.
- 118 *LDH* the Louisiana Department of Health.
- 119 Louisiana Medical Marijuana Tracking System (LMMTS) the required seed-to-sale tracking system that tracks
- medical marijuana from either the seed or immature plant stage until the product is sold to a pharmacy or is
- 121 destroyed

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

- Marijuana Pharmacy that area within a facility where marijuana is stored, dispensed, and sold. If a facility does
- not offer any products or services other than marijuana and/or related supplies, the entire facility is a marijuana
- pharmacy for the purposes of this Subchapter.
- 125 Marijuana Pharmacy Owner any person with an ownership interest in a marijuana pharmacy, except the term does
- not include a person with an investment interest through a publicly-held company provided the interest held by such
- person does not exceed five per cent of the total ownership or interest rights in such pharmacy and such person does
- not participate directly or indirectly in the control, management, or operation of the pharmacy.
- Marijuana Product any product containing marijuana, including raw materials, that requires no further processing
- and that is packaged for sale to pharmacies, qualifying patients and primary caregivers.
- Owner's Managing Officer the person designated by the organization owning the pharmacy to be responsible to the
- board for the proper operation of the pharmacy in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.
- 133 Pharmaceutical Grade Marijuana marijuana or marijuana products that are not adulterated and are:
 - a. processed, packaged and labeled according to the United States Food and Drug Administration's "current good manufacturing practice in manufacturing, packaging, labeling, or holding operations for dietary supplements," as found in 21 CFR 111 or its successor;
 - b. labeled with the results of an active ingredient analysis, a microbiological contaminants analysis, a mycotoxin analysis, a heavy metal analysis, and a pesticide chemical residue analysis which have been completed on a batch basis by a laboratory; and
 - c. where each step of the production, cultivating, trimming, curing, manufacturing, processing, and packaging method has been documented by using standard operation procedures approved by the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Forestry. verified by the Louisiana Department of Health.
 - Pharmacist an individual currently licensed by the board to engage in the practice of pharmacy.
- Pharmacy Technician an individual who assists in the practice of pharmacy under the direct and immediate
 supervision of a licensed pharmacist and is currently certified to do so by the board.
- Physician an individual currently licensed by the state Board of Medical Examiners to engage in the practice of
 medicine.
- 148 Prescription Monitoring Program (PMP) the electronic prescription drug monitoring program established by R.S.
 149 40:1001 et seq.
- 150 Producer a person licensed by the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry Health to cultivate marijuana
 151 for therapeutic use.
- 152 Production or Produce the manufacture, planting, preparation, cultivation, growing, harvesting, propagation,
- compounding, conversion or processing of marijuana, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of
- natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
- synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container,
- except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of marijuana by a patient or caregiver for the patient's use.
- 158 Production Facility a secure facility where the production of marijuana occurs and that is operated by a person to
 159 whom the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry Health has issued a producer license.
- Sale any form of delivery, which includes barter, exchange or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction
- made by any person whether as principal, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee.
- 162 Usable Marijuana the dried leaves and flowers of the marijuana plant, and any mixtures or preparations of such
- leaves and flowers that are appropriate for the therapeutic use of marijuana, but does not include the seeds, stalks,
- and roots of the marijuana plant.

165 166

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

Regulatory Proposal 2022-O ~ Marijuana Pharmacy Draft #3 167 HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1538 (August 2017), amended 168 LR 45:1473 (October 2019), LR 46:1227 (September 2020), amended LR 169 170 §2443. Marijuana Products 171 A. Exclusive Source 172 The exclusive source of marijuana products shall be the producers licensed for that activity by LDH. the 173 Department of Agriculture and Forestry (LDAF). 174 Licensed producers shall prepare pharmaceutical grade marijuana products as well as raw marijuana products for distribution to marijuana pharmacies licensed by the board. 175 176 3. Marijuana products from any other source shall be deemed misbranded and/or adulterated and shall not be 177 distributed to received by any marijuana pharmacy, nor may such misbranded and/or adulterated products 178 be dispensed by any marijuana pharmacy. 179 B. Laboratory Testing 180 Prior to manufacturing any marijuana product, the producer shall segregate all harvested marijuana into 181 homogenized batches. 182 2. A producer shall make available each such batch at the production facility for testing by a laboratory 183 approved by LDAF. The laboratory employee shall select a random sample from each such batch. 184 a. Medical marijuana concentrate shall not be used to produce any final product until it has passed all 185 analysis limits for: 186 active ingredient analysis for characterization of potency; 187 ii. pesticide active ingredients, including but not limited to, the most recent list of targeted 188 pesticides published by LDAF; 189 iii. residual solvents; 190 iv. heavy metals; and 191 v. mycotoxins. 192 b. Product shall not be released for delivery to a marijuana pharmacy for sale or consumption until it has 193 passed all concentrate analysis limits for: 194 i. microbiological contaminants;

- - ii. active ingredient analysis for accuracy of potency; and
 - iii. homogeneity.

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213

214

215

216

217

218

219

220 221

- e. Final products not produced from concentrate, e.g., dried and cured flower, shall not be released for delivery to a marijuana pharmacy for sale or consumption until it has passed all analysis limits for:
 - i. active ingredient analysis for characterization of potency;
 - ii. pesticide active ingredients, including but not limited to the most recent list of targeted pesticides published by LDAF;
 - iii. heavy metals;
 - iv. mycotoxins;
 - v. microbiological contaminants; and
 - vi. homogeneity.
- d. LDAF personnel may select a random sample at any point in the process for the purpose of analysis for anything the LDAF deems necessary.
- e. Samples shall be secured in a manner approved by LDAF at all times when not in immediate use for the analyses being conducted.
- 3. From the time that a batch of marijuana has been homogenized for sample testing and eventual packaging and sale to a pharmacy until the laboratory provides the results from its tests and analyses, the producer shall segregate and withhold from use the entire batch with the exception of the samples removed by the laboratory for testing. During this period of segregation, the producer shall maintain the marijuana batch in a secure, cool and dry location so as to prevent the marijuana from becoming contaminated or losing its efficacy. Under no circumstances shall a producer include marijuana in a marijuana product or sell it to a pharmacy prior to the time the laboratory has completed its testing and analysis and provided those results, in written or electronic form, to the producer or the producer's designated employee.
- 4. Testing Specifications
 - a. With respect to the microbiological test, a marijuana sample shall be deemed to have passed if it satisfies the recommended microbial and fungal limits for cannabis products as follows:
 - i. total yeast and mold: < 10,000 colony forming units per gram (CFU/g); and
 - ii. E. coli (pathogenic strains) and Salmonella spp: < 1 CFU/g.

223 b. With respect to the mycotoxins test, a marijuana sample shall be deemed to have passed if it meets the 224 following standards: 225 i. aflatoxin b1 < 20 parts per billion (ppb); 226 ii. aflatoxin b2 < 20 ppb; iii. aflatoxin g1 < 20 ppb; 227 228 iv. aflatoxin g2 < 20 ppb; and 229 v. ochratoxin < 20 ppb. 230 e. With respect to the heavy metals test, a marijuana sample shall be deemed to have passed if it meets 231 the following standards: 232 i. arsenic < 10 parts per million (ppm); ii. cadmium < 4.1 ppm; 233 iii. lead < 10 ppm; and 234 235 iv. mercury < 2 ppm. d. With respect to the pesticide chemical residue test, a marijuana sample shall be deemed to have passed 236 237 if it does not contain any residues appearing on LDAF's approved list and any approved residues 238 present are less than the limits allowed by LDAF. With respect to the residual solvent test, a marijuana sample shall be deemed to have passed if the 239 240 following solvents are below the listed limits: 241 i. butanes < 800 ppm; 242 ii. heptanes < 500 ppm; 243 iii. benzene < 1 ppm; 244 iv. toluene < 1 ppm; 245 v. hexanes < 10 ppm; 246 vi. total xylenes < 1 ppm; and 247 vii. ethanol < 5,000 ppm. 248 With respect to the test for homogeneity, a marijuana sample shall be deemed passed if each aliquot 249 tested is within plus or minus 15 percent of the total aliquots average finding for potency for each 250 labeled active ingredient. Any solid product will be considered not homogenous if 10 percent of the 251 product contains more than 20 percent of the total active ingredient. 252 Every sample shall undergo an active ingredient analysis or potency analysis. 253 i. For medical marijuana concentrate samples, the potency test is to establish the presence of active 254 ingredients and their concentrations for accurate calculations of amounts needed for the production 255 of products. The analysis must identify the following substances: 256 (a). THC (tetrahydrocannabinol); 257 THCA (tetrahydrocannabinolic acid); 258 CBD (cannabidiol); and 259 (d). CBDA (cannabidiolic acid). 260 For product samples, the potency test is to establish the active ingredient composition for verification of labeling to ensure accurate dosing. The maximum variance permitted is 15 percent 261 262 from the labeled amount. For example, a product labeled as containing 10 milligrams of 263 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) shall contain no less than 8.5 milligrams THC and no more than 11.5 264 milligrams THC. For final products containing THCA, the total THC determined shall also be within the variance allowed for the THC as labeled. 265 266 5. Procedures for Sample Failures 267 a. In the event a medical marijuana concentrate sample fails testing for pesticides, heavy metals or 268 mycotoxin, the entire batch from which the sample was taken shall be disposed of in accordance with 269 the disposal rules promulgated by LDAF. 270 b. In the event a medical marijuana concentrate sample fails residual solvent testing, then, with prior 271 approval of LDAF, the product may be subjected to an appropriate remedy, e.g., vacuum drying, 272 reformulated and tested again. The reformulation must pass all required tests for a medical marijuana concentrate in duplicate before it can be released for use in products. If either duplicate fails any test, 273 274 the entire batch shall be disposed of in accordance with the disposal rules promulgated by LDAF. A 275 batch of medical marijuana concentrate can only be reformulated once and only to remedy excessive 276 residual solvents. 277 c. In the event a product fails the microbiological testing, the entire batch from which the sample was 278 taken shall be disposed of in accordance with the disposal rules promulgated by LDAF.

- d. In the event a product fails the potency or homogeneity testing, then, with prior approval of LDAF, the product can be re sized and tested again. The reformulated product shall be tested again in duplicate and pass all required tests before it can be released for sale or consumption. If either duplicate fails any test, the entire batch shall be disposed of in accordance with the disposal rules promulgated by LDAF.
- 6. In the event of any test failure, the laboratory shall transmit to LDAF an electronic copy of such test result at the same time it transmits those results to the producer. In addition, the laboratory shall maintain the laboratory test results including all relevant chromatograms and quality control documentation for at least five years and make them available to LDAF at its request.
- 7. The laboratory shall dispose of any remaining medical marijuana concentrate or product samples no sooner than 60 days following the completion of any testing, in compliance with the disposal rules promulgated by LDAF.
- 1.8. A producer shall provide the laboratory test results to the The marijuana pharmacy shall have access to the laboratory test results from the producer for each batch of marijuana used in a final product acquired by the marijuana pharmacy. The pharmacy shall make such testing results available upon request to their patients, caregivers, and physicians authorized clinicians who recommended such marijuana products dispensed to their patients.

C. Product Dosage Forms

- 1. The producer marijuana pharmacy shall limit their production dispensing of pharmaceutical grade marijuana products to the following dosage forms:
 - a. oils, extracts, tinctures, or sprays;
 - b. solid oral dosage forms, e.g., capsules or pills;
 - c. liquid oral dosage forms, e.g., solutions or suspensions;
 - d. gelatin-based or pectin-based chewables;
 - e. topical applications, oils or lotions;
 - f. transdermal patches;
 - g. suppositories; or
 - h. metered-dose inhalers
 - i. bulk raw product.
- 2. The <u>producer marijuana pharmacy</u> may <u>produce dispense</u> other products from raw or crude marijuana, including dried flower, buds, and other plant material, intended for the following methods of administration:
 - a. combustible forms for inhalation, including but not limited to pre-rolls; and
 - b. edible forms for ingestion.
- 3. No marijuana product shall:
 - a. include alcoholic liquor, dietary supplements, or any drug, except for marijuana. For purposes of this provision, alcoholic liquor does not include any liquid or solid containing less than 0.5 percent of alcohol by volume, or ethanol-based tinctures.
 - b. be manufactured or sold in a form or with a design that:
 - i. is obscene or indecent;
 - ii. may encourage the use of marijuana for recreational purposes;
 - iii. may encourage the use of marijuana for a condition other than a debilitating medical condition; or
 - iv. is customarily associated with persons under the age of 18 years; or
 - c. have had pesticide chemicals or organic solvents used during the production or manufacturing process other than those which may be approved <u>for use</u> by the commissioner of <u>LDAF LDH</u>.
- 4. Any marijuana product not in compliance with the provisions of this Section shall be deemed adulterated.

D. Packaging and Labeling Requirements

- 1. Packaging
 - a. The producer shall ensure every product intended for dispensing to a patient is placed within a child-resistant, light resistant, tamper evident container prior to sale or transport to the pharmacy.
 - i. A package shall be deemed child resistant if it satisfies the standard for 'special packaging' as set forth in the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission's "poison prevention packaging" as found in 16 CFR 1700.1(b)(4) or its successor.
 - ii. A package shall be deemed light resistant if it satisfies the standard set forth in chapter 671, "containers: performance testing," of the United States Pharmacopeia (USP).
 - iii. A package shall be deemed tamper evident if it clearly indicates prior access to the container.
 - b. Packaging selected by the producer shall be subject to the following restrictions:

verification of receipt; the pharmacist shall time, date, and sign the delivery manifest.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1540 (August 2017), amended LR 45:1473 (October 2019), amended LR 46:568 (April 2020), LR 46:1227 (September 2020), LR 47:590 (May 2021), LR 48:1902 (July 2022), amended LR

§2445. Marijuana Pharmacy Permit

- A. The board shall develop and configure a pharmacy permit designated as a marijuana pharmacy permit.
- B. The dispensing of marijuana for therapeutic purposes shall be limited to those pharmacies holding a marijuana pharmacy permit issued by the board, and only when that permit is in active or restricted status.
- C. When issued to a successful applicant, the permit will authorize the operation of a marijuana pharmacy in compliance with the provisions of this Subchapter.
- D. When the permit is issued, it shall be valid only for the owner and the specific location noted on the application and recorded on the permit.
- E. A marijuana pharmacy permit is non-transferable from one owner to another owner, and moreover, in the event the ownership of the organization that acquired the permit changes by 50 percent or more, then the ownership will be deemed sufficiently different as to require a new marijuana pharmacy permit. A marijuana pharmacy permit owner continuing to operate a marijuana pharmacy after its ownership has changed by 50 percent or more without obtaining a new marijuana pharmacy permit shall be deemed subject to disciplinary review by the board. guilty of operating a pharmacy without a valid permit, in violation of R.S. 37:1221.
- F. Although a change of ownership of less than 50 percent shall not require a new pharmacy permit, any proposed change of ownership shall require prior notice to the board, and further, approval by the board.
- G. The board shall not have more than 10 active marijuana pharmacy permits at any given time. To facilitate compliance with that legislative restriction, the board recognizes the nine regions previously declared by the Department of Health, to wit:
- 1. metropolitan, composed of the parishes of Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, and St. Bernard;
- 2. capitol, composed of the parishes of Ascension, East Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, Iberville, Pointe Coupee, West Baton Rouge, and West Feliciana;
- 3. Teche, composed of the parishes of Assumption, Lafourche, St. Charles, St. James, St. John, St. Mary, and Terrebonne:
- 4. Acadian, composed of the parishes of Acadia, Evangeline, Iberia, Lafayette, St. Landry, St. Martin, and Vermilion:
- 5. southwest, composed of the parishes of Allen, Beauregard, Calcasieu, Cameron, and Jefferson Davis;
 - 6. central, composed of the parishes of Avoyelles, Catahoula, Concordia, Grant, LaSalle, Rapides, Vernon, and Winn;
- 7. northwest, composed of the parishes of Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Claiborne, DeSoto, Natchitoches, Red River, Sabine, and Webster;
- 8. northeast, composed of the parishes of Caldwell, East Carroll, Franklin, Jackson, Lincoln, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, Union, and West Carroll; and
- 9. southeast, composed of the parishes of Livingston, St. Helena, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, and Washington.
- H. To achieve an equitable distribution of the marijuana pharmacy permits across the state, the board shall reserve one marijuana pharmacy permit for each of the nine regions identified above. In the event the board is convinced of the need for a second permit in one region, it may issue that permit following the procedures identified in this Subchapter. Further expansion will require a legislative amendment of the original restriction.
- <u>G</u>I. When the board is prepared to receive and process applications for and issue marijuana pharmacy permits, it shall publish on its internet web site, and in such other places as the board deems appropriate, a notice to that effect. Such notice shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. the maximum number of permits to be awarded;
 - 2. information on how to obtain an application;
 - 3. the deadline for receipt of applications;
 - 4. acceptable methods for submitting an application;
 - 5. the preferred locations, if any, for the marijuana pharmacy permits; and
 - 6. the criteria that shall be considered in awarding the marijuana pharmacy permits.
- <u>H</u> J. Following the deadline for receipt of applications, the board shall evaluate each complete and timely submitted application and award marijuana pharmacy permits on a competitive basis based on the criteria set out in the notice for applications. In the event the board determines there are an insufficient number of qualified

- 449 450 451
- 452 453
- 454 455
- 456 457
- 458 459

465

- 466 467 468 469
- 470 471 472 473
- 474 475 476
- 477 478 479
- 480 481 482 483
- 484 485 486
- 487 488 489
- 490 491 492 493
- 494 495 496
- 497 498 499
- 501 502 503
- 500 504 505

- applicants to award all of the marijuana pharmacy permits the board has determined are desirable, the board may republish, in accordance with this Section, a notice of open applications for marijuana pharmacy permits.
- I K. The board shall have the right to amend the notice of open applications prior to the deadline for submitting an application. Such amended notice shall be published in the same manner as the original notice of open applications.
- JL. The board shall have the right to cancel a notice of open applications prior to the award of a marijuana pharmacy permit.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1543 (August 2017), amended LR

§2447. Licensing Procedures

- A. Application for Initial Issuance of Permit
 - 1. The board shall develop an application form suitable for the marijuana pharmacy permit. The board may revise that application form on its own initiative in order to collect the information it deems necessary to properly evaluate an applicant.
 - 2. The board shall not process applications received by facsimile, or that are incomplete, or submitted with the incorrect fee.
 - The applicant shall fully disclose the ownership of the entity that will own the permit as well as any additional holding companies that may exist, such that any natural person with any ownership interest shall be fully identified.
 - 4. In the event any person holding any ownership interest in the entity submitting an application for a marijuana pharmacy permit has engaged in any of the following activities, the entity shall be disqualified and the board shall not issue a marijuana pharmacy permit to that applicant:
 - within the two-year period preceding the date of the application, the person or any member of the person's immediate family served as a member of the board or its staff.
 - 5. The applicant shall provide a complete street address reflecting the location at which the applicant proposes to operate the marijuana pharmacy.
 - The applicant shall provide the following information and records in the application process:
 - a. a detailed description of any other services or products to be offered by the marijuana pharmacy;
 - details regarding the applicant's plans to maintain adequate control against the diversion, theft, or loss of marijuana;
 - documents or information sufficient to establish the applicant is authorized to conduct business in Louisiana and that all applicable state and local building, fire and zoning requirements, and local ordinances will be met;
 - text and graphic materials showing the exterior appearance of the proposed marijuana pharmacy and its site compatibility with commercial or residential structures already constructed or under construction within the immediate neighborhood;
 - a blueprint of the proposed marijuana pharmacy which shall, at a minimum, show and identify:
 - i. the square footage of the area which will constitute the prescription department;
 - ii. the square footage of the overall marijuana pharmacy;
 - iii. the square footage and location of areas used as storerooms or stockrooms:
 - iv. the size of the counter that will be used for the dispensing and sale of marijuana;
 - v. the location of the marijuana pharmacy sink and refrigerator, if any;
 - vi. the location of all approved safes and vaults that will be used to store marijuana;
 - vii. the location of the toilet facilities:
 - viii. the location of the break room and location of lockers for personal belongings;
 - ix. the location and size of the patient counseling area(s);
 - x. the location(s) where any other products or services will be offered; and
 - xi. the location of all areas that may contain marijuana showing the location of walls, partitions, counters, and all areas of ingress and egress;
 - £ such other documents and information reasonably required by the board to determine the applicant's suitability for permitting or to protect the public's health and safety.
 - 7. The owner's managing officer and the pharmacist-in-charge shall be fully identified within the application and they both shall sign and date the application form.
 - The applicant shall direct the following persons to submit to the criminal history record check process used by the board, at the applicant's expense:

- a. the owner's managing officer;
- b. the pharmacist-in-charge; and
- c. any person holding any share of ownership in the entity; provided however that any person not holding any share of ownership but holding a corporate officer position in the entity may be required to submit to the criminal history record check.
- 9. The requirement for a criminal history record check may be waived by the board in the event the person has already completed that process for the board within the two-year period prior to the date of the application.
- 10. The applicant shall supplement the application form with sufficient documentation of the applicant's financial capacity to properly operate a marijuana pharmacy, including but not limited to, evidence of his escrow account, letter of credit, or surety bond of at least \$100,000 in a financial institution headquartered in Louisiana.
 - a. The pharmacy's \$100,000 escrow account, letter of credit, or surety bond shall be payable to the board in the event the board determines after a due process hearing that the pharmacy has failed to timely and successfully complete the construction of the pharmacy or to operate such pharmacy in compliance with the provisions of this Subchapter.
 - b. The board shall permit the pharmacy's escrow account, letter of credit, or surety bond to be reduced by \$25,000 upon the successful achievement of each of the following milestones:
 - i. a determination by the board that the pharmacy is fully operational and able to commence and has begun dispensing of marijuana as provided in this Subchapter;
 - ii. a determination by the board that the pharmacy remained operational and without substantial interruption and without any violation of law or regulation for a one year period; and
 - iii. a determination by the board that the pharmacy remained operational and without substantial interruption and without any violation of law or regulation for a second one year period.
 - iv. the pharmacy shall maintain the escrow account, letter of credit, or surety bond for a minimum of \$25,000 for the remainder of its operation.
 - c. In the event a pharmacy voluntarily chooses not to renew the pharmacy permit and follows proper closure procedures, the board shall extinguish the obligations under the escrow account, letter of credit, or surety bond at the end of the permit's term.
- <u>10.</u> <u>11.</u> In the event any information contained in the application or accompanying documents changes after being submitted to the board, the applicant shall immediately notify the board in writing and provide corrected information in a timely manner so as not to disrupt the application processing or permit selection process.
 - 12. The board may verify information contained in each application and accompanying documentation in order to assess the applicant's character and fitness to operate a marijuana pharmacy. The board may verify the information and assess the applicant's character and fitness by, among other actions:
 - a. contacting the applicant by telephone, electronic mail, mail, or such other means as is reasonable under the circumstances;
 - b. conducting one or more on site visits of the location for the proposed marijuana pharmacy, or other pharmacies associated with the applicant or any of the applicant's owners;
 - e. conducting background checks or contacting references of the applicant, its managing officer, any of the corporate officers, or any shareholder, as well as the pharmacist in charge;
 - d. contacting state regulators in any other states where the applicant, the applicant's owners or corporate officers, or its pharmacist in charge are engaged in, or have sought to be engaged in, any aspect of that state's medical marijuana program; or
 - e. requiring a personal meeting with the owner's managing officer and the pharmacist in charge and the submission of additional information or documents.
- 11. 13. The application shall be accompanied by payment of the permit fees and administrative hearing fee authorized by R.S. 37:1184 LAC 46:LIII.115 and 40:1013.
- 12. 14. When the staff has determined an entity's application package is complete, the application shall be referred to the board's application review committee, and further, the applicant shall be properly notified at least 30 days prior to the committee's hearing during which their application will be considered.
- 13. 15. During the hearing held by the board's application review committee, the members shall consider, but are not limited to, the following criteria when evaluating an application for a marijuana pharmacy permit:
 - a. the character and fitness of the owner's managing officer, the pharmacist-in-charge, any of the owners and any other person who may have control or influence over the operation of the proposed marijuana pharmacy;
 - b. the location for the proposed marijuana pharmacy including, but not limited to:

- i. its proximity to previously approved marijuana pharmacies or locations of proposed marijuana pharmacies with pending applications;
- ii. whether the patient population in the area proposed by the marijuana pharmacy permit applicant justifies the need for a marijuana pharmacy, or an additional marijuana pharmacy, in that area;
- iii. whether the proximity of the proposed marijuana pharmacy will have a detrimental effect upon any place used primarily for religious worship, public or private school, convent, charitable institution, whether supported by private or public funds, hospital or veterans' home or any camp or military establishment; or
- iv. whether the number of marijuana pharmacies in the locality is such that the granting of a permit is detrimental to the public interest. In reaching a conclusion in this respect, the board may consider the population of, the number of like permits and number of all permits existent in, the particular municipality and the immediate neighborhood concerned, the effect that a new permit may have on such town or neighborhood or on like permits existent in such municipality or neighborhood;
- c. the applicant's ability to maintain adequate control against the diversion, theft and loss of marijuana;
- d. the applicant's ability to maintain the knowledge, understanding, judgment, procedures, security controls and ethics to ensure optimal safety and accuracy in the dispensing and sale of marijuana; and
- e. the extent to which the applicant or any of the applicant's owners have a financial interest in any other permittee, licensee, registrant, or other applicant currently or previously credentialed by the board; and
- f. Any other reason provided by any federal law or rule or state law or rule that is not inconsistent with R.S. 40:1046 or 40:1047 or this Subchapter.
- 14. 16. Following their evaluation of the applications for a marijuana pharmacy permit, the committee shall develop a recommendation for presentation to the board at the board's next meeting. The board may accept the committee's recommendation, select an alternative applicant, reject all of the applicants, or return all the applicants to the committee for their reconsideration.
- 15. 17. The board may disqualify any applicant who:
 - a. submits an incomplete, false, inaccurate, or misleading application;
 - b. fails to submit an application by the published deadline; or
 - c. fails to pay all applicable fees.
- <u>16.</u> 18. The decision of the board to award or not to award a marijuana pharmacy permit to an applicant shall be final.
- 17. 19. Upon the approval of an application, the board shall award the marijuana pharmacy permit and state controlled dangerous substance license to the applicant. Upon completion of a satisfactory inspection of the pharmacy premises, the board shall issue the marijuana pharmacy permit and state controlled dangerous substance license to the applicant awarded the permit.
- 18. 20. If an applicant has been awarded a marijuana pharmacy permit and has not commenced operation of such pharmacy within 310 days of being notified of the marijuana pharmacy permit award, the board may, in the board's discretion, rescind such marijuana pharmacy permit, unless such delay was caused by force majeure. A marijuana pharmacy shall be deemed to have commenced operation if the pharmacy is capable of operating in accordance with the applicant's approved application. In the event a marijuana pharmacy permit is rescinded pursuant to this Subsection, the board shall award a marijuana pharmacy permit by selecting among the qualified applicants who applied for the marijuana pharmacy permit that was rescinded. If no other qualified applicant applied for such marijuana pharmacy permit or satisfied the criteria for awarding a permit, the board shall publish, in accordance with this Section, a notice of open applications for marijuana pharmacy permits.
- B. Application for Renewal of Permit
 - 1. All marijuana pharmacy permits expire at midnight on December 31 of every year, regardless of the date of its initial issuance.
 - 2. The owner's managing officer and pharmacist-in-charge of the marijuana pharmacy permit shall complete, sign and date a permit renewal application form supplied by the board, and further, shall include all information requested on the form and attach the pharmacy permit renewal fee and state controlled dangerous substance license renewal fee authorized in R.S. 37:1184 LAC 46:LIII.115 and the prescription monitoring program fee authorized in R.S. 40:1013, and further, shall submit the renewal application package to the board office prior to the expiration date of the pharmacy permit.
 - 3. The board shall not process applications received by facsimile, or that are incomplete, or submitted with the incorrect fees.
 - 4. In the event the pharmacy does not submit a properly completed renewal application form and fee to the board prior to the expiration of the permit, the permit shall be rendered null and void. A marijuana

- pharmacy shall not operate with an expired permit. Evidence it has done so will provide sufficient basis for the board to discipline the permit for violation of R.S. 37:1241(12).
 - 5. An application for the late renewal of an expired (lapsed) marijuana pharmacy permit that is received in the board office no later than 30 days after the expiration date of the permit may be processed by the board staff, provided the appropriate delinquent fee authorized in R.S. 37:1184 LAC 46:LIII.115 is included with the application.
 - 6. A marijuana pharmacy permit not renewed by 30 days after the expiration date shall be automatically terminated by the board.
 - 7. An application for the reinstatement of a terminated marijuana pharmacy permit shall be referred to the board's reinstatement committee for its consideration.
 - C. Application for Reinstatement of Terminated, Suspended, or Revoked Marijuana Pharmacy Permits
 - 1. The applicant shall complete an application form for this specific purpose supplied by the board; the application shall require the inclusion of the annual renewal fee, the delinquent fee, the administrative hearing fee, and the reinstatement fees authorized in R.S. 37:1184 LAC 46:LIII.115 and the program fee authorized in R.S. 40:1013.
 - 2. An application for the reinstatement of a marijuana pharmacy permit previously terminated, suspended or revoked by the board may only be approved following a preliminary hearing to determine whether the reinstatement of the permit is in the public's best interest.
 - D. Maintenance of Marijuana Pharmacy Permit

- 1. A marijuana pharmacy permit is valid only for the entity or person to whom it is issued and shall not be subject to sale, assignment or other transfer, voluntary or involuntary, nor shall the permit be valid for any premises other than the business location recorded thereon.
- 2. A duplicate or replacement permit shall be issued upon the written request of the licensee and payment of the fee authorized in R.S. 37:1184. A duplicate or replacement license shall not serve or be used as an additional or second license.
- 2.3. Prior to making any change in the marijuana pharmacy's name or trade name, the owner of the permit shall notify the board and request approval of the contemplated name or trade name. The board shall reasonably accommodate such requests, unless there is cause not to do so (e.g., duplicative or misleading names). The marijuana pharmacy shall not change its name or trade name until approved by the board.
- 3.4. Prior to any modification, remodeling, expansion, reduction, or other physical, non-cosmetic alteration of the marijuana pharmacy, the owner of the permit shall notify the board and request approval of the contemplated change(s). The board shall reasonably accommodate such request, unless there is cause not to do so (e.g., inconsistent with operating requirements). The marijuana pharmacy shall not make such changes until approved by the board.
- 4.5. Prior to any change in the location of a marijuana pharmacy, the owner of the permit shall submit an application form for that purpose supplied by the board and pay the appropriate fee authorized in R.S. 37:1184 LAC 46:LIII.115. The board may require an inspection of the new location prior to the issuance of the permit for the new location. No marijuana pharmacy shall commence operation in a new location until approved by the board.
- <u>5. 6.</u> The owner of the pharmacy permit shall notify the board no later than 30 days following a change in the pharmacist-in-charge for the marijuana pharmacy permit.
- <u>6.</u> 7. The owner of the pharmacy permit shall notify the board no later than 30 days following a change in the owner's managing officer for the marijuana pharmacy permit.
- 7.8. In the event a marijuana pharmacy contemplates permanent closure, the pharmacist-in-charge shall notify the board in accordance with the rules governing the permanent closure of a pharmacy as described in Chapter 11 of this Part.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1544 (August 2017), amended LR 46:577 (April 2020), LR 48:2102 (August 2022), amended LR

§2449. Marijuana Pharmacy Personnel

- A. No person shall be employed by, or affiliated with, a marijuana pharmacy prior to their eighteenth birthday.
- B. 1. The PIC shall insure and document the initial and continuing competency of the entire professional staff to provide the pharmacy care services rendered at the marijuana pharmacy. At a minimum, the PIC shall provide access to education and training in the following domains:

- 676 677
- 678
- 679
- 680 681
- 682
- 683 684 685
- 687 688 689 690

- 691 692 693
- 694 695 696
- 697 698 699

701 702

700

703

704 705

706

720

721

726

727 728

729 730 731

- a. policies and procedures of the pharmacy, especially those relating to the tasks and functions that employee is expected to perform;
- b. professional conduct, ethics, and patient confidentiality; and
- c. developments in the therapeutic use of marijuana.
- 2. Further, the PIC shall document such education and training, provide such records to the board when requested, and retain such records for at least two years after the employee disassociates with the pharmacy.
- The PIC shall comply with the professional supervision rules and ratios found in Chapter 7 (pharmacy interns) and Chapter 9 (pharmacy technicians) of this Part.
- D. In addition to the scope of practice limitations found in Chapter 9 of this Part, pharmacy technicians practicing in a marijuana pharmacy shall not:
 - 1. consult with a patient or the patient's caregiver regarding marijuana or other drugs, either before or after marijuana has been dispensed, or regarding any medical information contained in a patient medication record;
 - 2. consult with the physician authorized clinician who issued the recommendation/prescription/order for marijuana to the patient, or the physician's authorized clinician's agent, regarding a patient or any medical information pertaining to the patient's marijuana or any other drug the patient may be taking;
 - 3. interpret the patient's clinical data or provide medical advice;
 - 4. perform professional consultations with physicians authorized clinicians, nurses, or other health care professionals or their authorized agents: or
 - 5. determine whether a different brand or formulation of marijuana should be dispensed for the marijuana product or formulation recommended/prescribed/ordered by the physician authorized clinician or requested by the patient or his caregiver.

AUHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1546 (August 2017), amended LR 48:2103 (August 2022), repealed LR

§2451. Operation of Marijuana Pharmacy

- A. No person may operate a marijuana pharmacy without a marijuana pharmacy permit issued by the board, and further, that permit shall be in active or restricted status. A pharmacist shall be on duty at all times during the regular open hours of the marijuana pharmacy.
- B. A marijuana pharmacy shall not dispense marijuana from, obtain marijuana from, or transfer marijuana to, a location outside of the state of Louisiana.
- C. A marijuana pharmacy shall not obtain, cultivate, deliver, transfer, transport, sell or dispense marijuana except;
 - 1. it may acquire marijuana from an authorized producer pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 40:1046; and
 - it may dispense and sell marijuana to a patient with a recommendation/prescription/order for such marijuana or the patient's caregiver.
- D. No person at a marijuana pharmacy shall provide marijuana samples.
- A marijuana pharmacy shall sell marijuana products only in a secure and light-resistant container. Nothing herein shall preclude a pharmacist from compounding a marijuana product appropriate for his patient.
- Only a pharmacist may dispense marijuana, however, other licensed pharmacy personnel may assist the pharmacist in the dispensing process. The sale of dispensed marijuana products may be accomplished by any pharmacy employee.
- G. A marijuana pharmacy shall place all products sold to the patient or caregiver in an opaque package that shall not indicate the contents of the package, the originating facility or in any other way cause another person to believe that the package may contain marijuana.
- H. A marijuana pharmacy shall not permit any person to enter the prescription department unless that person's responsibilities necessitate access to the department and then for only as long as necessary to perform the person's job duties.
- While inside the pharmacy, all pharmacy employees shall wear name tags or similar forms of identification that clearly identify them to the public, including their position at the pharmacy.
- A marijuana pharmacy shall be open for qualifying patients and primary caregivers to purchase marijuana products for a minimum of 10 hours per week.
 - A marijuana pharmacy that closes during its normal hours of operation shall implement procedures to notify patients and caregivers of when the marijuana pharmacy will resume normal hours of operation.

- 732 Such procedures may include, but are not limited to, telephone system messages and conspicuously posted 733
 - In the event the pharmacist on duty leaves the prescription department, the prescription department shall comply with the provisions of §1109 (temporary absence) or §1111 (closure) of this Part.
 - K. A marijuana pharmacy shall provide information to patients and caregivers regarding the possession and use of marijuana. Such informational material shall include information related to:
 - limitations on the right to possess and use marijuana pursuant to R.S. 40:1046;
 - safe techniques for proper use of marijuana and paraphernalia;
 - alternative methods and forms of consumption by which one can use marijuana;
 - 4. signs and symptoms of substance abuse; and

735

736

737

738

739

740

741

742

743

744

745

746

747

749

753

754

756

757

758

759 760

761

762

763 764

765

766 767

768

769

770

771

772

773

774

776

777

778

779

780

781

782

- opportunities to participate in substance abuse programs.
- L. The marijuana pharmacy shall establish, implement and adhere to a written alcohol free, drug free and smokefree work place policy, which shall be available to the board upon request.
- M. The receipt of all deliveries from producers shall be carried out under the direct supervision of a pharmacist who shall be present to accept the delivery. Upon delivery, the marijuana shall immediately be placed in an approved safe or approved vault within the pharmacy where marijuana is stored.
- 748 No. No marijuana pharmacy shall acquire, possess or dispense any controlled substance other than medical marijuana products authorized by R.S. 40:1046.
- 750 Q.N. No marijuana shall be administered on the premises of a marijuana pharmacy, except during patient counseling, 751 education or training.
- 752 P.O. No person associated with a marijuana pharmacy shall enter into any agreement with a physician an authorized clinician or health care facility concerning the provision of services or equipment that may adversely affect any person's freedom to choose the marijuana pharmacy at which the patient or caregiver will purchase marijuana. 755
 - Q. P. Delivery of Dispensed Marijuana Products.
 - 1. A marijuana pharmacy shall dispense a marijuana product to a patient or his caregiver in the marijuana pharmacy. At the patient's request, the caregiver may deliver a dispensed marijuana product to the patient's location.
 - 2. Each marijuana pharmacy shall offer home delivery to patients in each zip code within its region at least once per month.
 - At the patient or caregiver's request, the marijuana pharmacy may deliver or facilitate the delivery of a dispensed marijuana product to the patient's location.
 - The delivery of a dispensed marijuana product is subject to the following requirements:
 - 4. a. The marijuana pharmacy shall not deliver or facilitate the delivery of a marijuana product to a location outside the state.
 - 2. b. The marijuana pharmacy shall ensure the physical integrity and security of the marijuana product while in transit.
 - 3. c. In the event the delivery of the marijuana product is not completed, the marijuana product shall be returned to the marijuana pharmacy from which it was dispensed.
 - 4. d. In the event the pharmacist-in-charge of the marijuana pharmacy cannot assure the integrity and security of a returned marijuana product, the pharmacy shall dispose of the marijuana product.
 - R. Q. No marijuana shall be sold when the marijuana pharmacy is closed and not open for business.
 - S. R. Board representatives, local law enforcement or other federal, state or local government officials may enter any area of a marijuana pharmacy if necessary to perform their governmental duties.
- Right of Inspection. The board, or its agent, representative, or designee, is authorized: 775 T. <u>S.</u>
 - 1. to enter a marijuana pharmacy at any time during its hours of operation, or any other place, including a vehicle, wherein marijuana is held, dispensed, sold, or otherwise disposed of;
 - to inspect within reasonable limits and in a reasonable manner, such place and all pertinent equipment, finished and unfinished material, containers and labeling, and all things therein, including records, files, financial data, sales data, shipping data, pricing data, employee data, research, papers, processes, controls and facilities; and
 - to inventory any stock of marijuana therein and obtain samples of any marijuana or marijuana product, any labels or containers for marijuana, paraphernalia, and of any finished and unfinished material.
- 784 U. T. Inspection of Records, Every person required to prepare, obtain or keep records, logs, reports or other 785 documents, and every person in charge, or having custody, of such documents shall maintain such documents in 786 an auditable format for no less than two years. Upon request, such person shall make such documents 787 immediately available for inspection and copying by the board or its authorized representative. In complying

with this Section, no person shall use a foreign language or codes or symbols to designate marijuana types or persons in the keeping of any required document.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1547 (August 2017), amended LR 46:1227 (September 2020), amended LR 47:590 (May 2021), LR 48:2103 (August 2022), amended LR

§2453. Security Requirements for Marijuana Pharmacies

- A. A marijuana pharmacy shall:
 - 1. store all marijuana in an approved safe or vault, as defined in this Subchapter, and in such a manner as to prevent diversion, theft, or loss;
 - 2. maintain all marijuana in a secure area or location accessible only to specifically authorized employees, which shall include only the minimum number of employees essential for efficient operation;
 - 3. not permit any person less than eighteen years of age to enter the prescription department, with the exception of patients being counseled by the pharmacist;
 - 4. keep all approved safes and vaults securely locked and protected from entry, except for the actual time required to remove or replace marijuana, provided that during hours of operation the pharmacist in charge may authorize the placement of a limited quantity of dispensing stock outside such safes or vaults but within the secure prescription department.
 - 5. keep all locks and security equipment in good working order;
 - 6. not allow keys to be left in the locks and not store or place keys in a location accessible to persons other than specifically authorized employees;
 - 7. not allow other security measures, such as combination numbers, passwords or electronic or biometric security systems, to be accessible to persons other than specifically authorized employees;
 - 8. keep the pharmacy securely locked and protected from entry by unauthorized employees;
 - 9. keep the outside perimeter of the pharmacy premises well lit; and
 - 10. post a sign at all entry ways into any area of the pharmacy containing marijuana, including a room with an approved safe or vault, which sign shall be a minimum of 12 inches in height and 12 inches in width which shall state: "Do Not Enter—Limited Access Area—Access Limited to Authorized Employees Only" in lettering no smaller than 1/2 inch in height.
- B. All pharmacies shall have an adequate security system to prevent and detect diversion, theft or loss of marijuana utilizing commercial grade equipment, which shall include at a minimum:
 - 1. a perimeter alarm;
 - 2. motion detector;
 - 3. video cameras in all areas that may contain marijuana and at all points of entry and exit, which shall be appropriate for the normal lighting conditions of the area under surveillance. The pharmacy shall direct cameras at all approved safes and vaults, dispensing areas, marijuana sales areas and any other area where marijuana is being stored or handled. At entry and exit points, the pharmacy shall angle cameras so as to allow for the capture of clear and certain identification of any person entering or exiting the pharmacy;
 - 4. 24 hour recordings from all video cameras, which the pharmacy shall make available for immediate viewing by the board or its authorized representative upon request and shall retain for at least 30 days. If a pharmacy is aware of a pending criminal, civil, or administrative investigation or legal proceeding for which a recording may contain relevant information, the pharmacy shall retain an unaltered copy of the recording until the investigation or proceeding is closed or the entity conducting the investigation or proceeding notifies the pharmacy that it is not necessary to retain the recording:
 - a. all video recordings shall allow for the exporting of still images in an industry standard image format, including .jpg, .bmp, and .gif. Exported video shall have the ability to be archived in a proprietary format that ensures authentication of the video and guarantees that no alteration of the recorded image has taken place. Exported video shall also have the ability to be saved in an industry standard file format that can be played on a standard computer operating system. A pharmacy shall erase all recordings prior to disposal or sale of the pharmacy;
 - duress alarm, which for purposes of this Subsection means a silent security alarm system signal generated by the entry of a designated code in into an arming station in order to signal that the alarm user is being forced to turn off the system;
 - 6. panie alarm, which for purposes of this Subsection means an audible security alarm system signal generated by the manual activation of a device intended to signal a life threatening or emergency situation requiring a law enforcement response;

- 846 847
- 848 849
- 850 851 852
- 853 854 855 856
- 857 858 859
- 860 861 862
- 863 864 865
- 866 867 868
- 869 870 871
- 872 873 874
- 875 876
- 877 878 879 880

> 885 886 887

884

892 893 894

895 896

897 898

899 900

- 845 7. holdup alarm, which for purposes of this Subsection means a silent alarm signal generated by the manual activation of a device intended to signal a robbery in progress;
 - 8. automatic voice dialer, which for purposes of this Subsection means any electrical, electronic, mechanical, or other device capable of being programmed to send a prerecorded voice message, when activated, over a telephone line, radio or other communication system, to a law enforcement, public safety or emergency services agency requesting dispatch;
 - 9. a failure notification system that provides an audible, text or visual notification of any failure in the surveillance system. The failure notification system shall provide an alert to the pharmacy within five minutes of the failure, either by telephone, email, or text message;
 - 10. the ability to immediately produce a clear color still photo that is a minimum of 9600 dpi from any camera image (live or recorded);
 - 11. a date and time stamp embedded on all recordings. The date and time shall be synchronized and set correctly and shall not significantly obscure the picture; and
 - 12. the ability to remain operational during a power outage.
 - C. A pharmacy shall maintain all security system equipment and recordings in a secure location so as to prevent theft, loss, destruction, or alterations.
 - 1. A pharmacy shall keep all on site surveillance rooms locked and shall not use such rooms for any other function.
 - 2. A pharmacy shall limit access to surveillance areas to persons that are essential to surveillance operations, law enforcement agencies, security system service employees, and the board's authorized representative.
 - 3. A pharmacy shall make available to the board upon request a current list of authorized employees and service employees that have access to the surveillance room.
 - D. A pharmacy shall keep all security equipment in good working order and shall test such equipment no less than two times per year.
 - E. When a pharmacy presents special security issues, such as an extremely large stock of marijuana, exposed handling or unusual vulnerability to, or actual, diversion, theft or loss, the board may require additional safeguards, including but not limited to, a supervised watchman service.
 - F. Any marijuana not stored in compliance with this Section, or stored at a location other than that for which the pharmacy permit was issued, shall be subject to embargo or seizure by the board.
 - G. In the event any marijuana pharmacy permit is revoked, suspended, or not renewed, the pharmacy shall dispose of its entire stock of marijuana in accordance with the disposal provisions in this Subchapter.
 - H. If a pharmacy has provided other safeguards which can be regarded in total as an adequate substitute for some element of protection required of the pharmacy, such added protection may be taken into account by the board in evaluating overall required security measures.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1548 (August 2017), amended LR 48:1903 (July 2022), repealed LR

§2455. Reportable Security Events

- A. Upon becoming aware of discrepancies identified during inventory, diversion, theft, loss, or unauthorized destruction of any marijuana, or of any loss or unauthorized alternation of records related to marijuana or patients, a pharmacy shall immediately notify:
 - appropriate law enforcement authorities; and
 - the board.
- B. A pharmacy shall provide the written notice to the board by way of a signed statement which details the circumstances of the event, including an accurate inventory of the quantity and brand names of the marijuana diverted, stolen, lost, destroyed, or damaged, along with confirmation that the local law enforcement authorities were notified. A pharmacy shall make such notice no later than 24 hours after discovery of the event.
- C. A pharmacy shall notify the board no later than the next business day, followed by written notification no later than 10 business days, of any of the following:
 - 1. an alarm activation or other event that requires response by public safety personnel;
- 2. a breach of security;
- the failure of the security alarm system due to a loss of electrical support or mechanical malfunction that is expected to last longer than eight hours; and
 - 4. corrective measures taken, if any.

reportable.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1550 (August 2017), amended LR

D. A pharmacy shall maintain and shall make available all documentation related to an occurrence that is

§2457. Standards of Practice

A. Environmental Standards

- 1. The prescription department shall be of sufficient size commensurate with the nature and scope of practice. The space occupied by the prescription department shall be restricted to authorized personnel only, as determined by the pharmacist-in-charge, and shall not be accessible to the general public. A marijuana pharmacy shall not permit any person less than eighteen years of age to enter the prescription department, with the exception of patients being counseled by the pharmacist.
- 2. The prescription department shall contain sufficient fixtures, equipment, and supplies commensurate with the nature and scope of practice for that pharmacy.
- 3. The prescription department shall include a sink with a hot and cold water supply, exclusive of restroom facilities, with approved sewage disposal.
- 4. All areas where drugs and devices are stored shall be dry, well-lighted, well-ventilated, and maintained at temperatures which will ensure the integrity of drugs during their storage and prior to their dispensing as stipulated by the United States Pharmacopeia and/or manufacturer's or distributor's product labeling unless otherwise indicated by the board.
- 5. The prescription department shall be secured by one or more physical barriers with suitable locks and a monitored alarm system capable of detecting unauthorized entry., and further, complies with security requirements identified elsewhere in this Subchapter.
- 6. Prescription and other patient healthcare information shall be maintained in a manner that protects the integrity and confidentiality of such information.

B. Minimum Staffing Requirements

- 1. There shall be at least one pharmacist on duty at all times the pharmacy is open for business.
- 2. Every pharmacist practicing in the pharmacy shall possess a Louisiana pharmacist license in active status as well as access privileges to the state prescription monitoring program.
- 3. A pharmacy intern, pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician candidate may assist the pharmacist in the prescription department, but only when in possession of valid credentials issued by the board. The supervising pharmacist may establish a delegate credential in the state prescription monitoring program for any licensed pharmacy personnel affiliated with that pharmacy.
- 4. Additional clerical personnel may also be present at the pharmacy.
- 5. No person shall be employed by, or affiliated with, a marijuana pharmacy prior to their eighteenth birthday.

C. Operational Standards

- 1. The marijuana pharmacy shall comply with the provisions of Chapters 11, 25, 27, 29, and 31 of this Part except when this Subchapter grants exceptions or imposes more stringent requirements.
- 2. In the event the marijuana pharmacy intends to close permanently, the pharmacist-in-charge (PIC) shall comply with the pharmacy closure procedures described in Chapter 11 of this Part, and further, the owner of the pharmacy permit shall not prevent or interfere with the PIC's performance of those tasks.
 - a. In addition to the other closure requirements, the closing pharmacy shall include in its notice to the board and to the public the identification of the destination pharmacy where the closing pharmacy's prescription records will be transferred. That destination pharmacy shall be the marijuana pharmacy nearest the closing pharmacy, unless otherwise approved by the board.

D. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 1. When the pharmacy receives a request for marijuana from a recommending physician authorized clinician in written form, the pharmacist shall cause the form to be scanned and filed using an electronic imaging system in compliance with Section 1123 of this Part.
- 2. Request forms (and electronic images thereof) shall be retained on the pharmacy's premises for at least two years after the date of dispensing, and further, shall be readily retrievable upon request by the board.
- 3. Inventory of Marijuana Product
 - a. The pharmacist-in-charge shall develop and maintain a perpetual inventory of all marijuana products acquired, held, dispensed, and disposed by the pharmacy.
 - b. The pharmacy shall access the LMMTS and enter all acquisitions and product transfer transactions in that system.

- c. In the event the pharmacist-in-charge designates an agent to retrieve new marijuana product inventory from the production facility, the pharmacist shall verify the agent is at least 21 years of age and is eligible to drive on public roadways.
- d. The pharmacist-in-charge shall conduct an annual inventory of all marijuana products in the possession of the pharmacy on any date which is within one year of the previous annual inventory, and further, shall conduct additional inventory counts on the following occasions:
 - i. arrival of a new pharmacist-in-charge;
 - ii. discovery of any significant loss, disappearance, or theft of marijuana product;
 - iii. departure of a pharmacist-in-charge; and
 - iv. permanent closure of the pharmacy.
- e. Inventory records shall be retained on the pharmacy's premises for at least two years after the most recent entry.
- 4. The pharmacy shall develop and maintain sufficient records to fully reveal the business transactions related to marijuana products, including their procurement and sale, for the current tax year as well as the two immediately preceding tax years, all of which shall be made available to the board upon request.
- 5. The board may require any pharmacy or its owners to furnish such information as the board considers necessary for the proper administration of R.S. 40:1046, and may require a financial audit of the business of any marijuana pharmacy, and the expense thereof shall be paid by the marijuana pharmacy.
- E. Professional Practice Standards
 - . Recommendation / opinion (hereinafter, "request") for Therapeutic Marijuana
 - a. The pharmacist may accept any request for a marijuana product which has been:
 - i. issued by a physician an authorized clinician in possession of a current and unrestricted license to practice in this state medicine from the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners as well as a current and unrestricted state controlled substance license with therapeutic marijuana privileges from the board; and
 - ii. received directly from the physician authorized clinician and not from the patient or any third party other than the entity transmitting the request, either by electronic means conforming with the provisions of 21 CFR 1311 or its successor, or in the alternative, by facsimile bearing a handwritten or digital signature of the physician authorized clinician.
 - b. The request shall disclose the following information at a minimum:
 - i. name, address, telephone number, and national provider identifier (NPI) number of the physician authorized clinician issuing the request;
 - ii. name, address, and date of birth (or age) of the patient for whom the request was issued;
 - iii. identification of the debilitating medical condition for which the treatment has been requested;
 - iv. type of marijuana product requested;
 - v. date request was issued;
 - vi. self-certification the physician authorized clinician holds a current and unrestricted license to practice in this state medicine issued by the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners; and
 - vii. signature of the physician authorized clinician issuing the recommendation, excluding any proxy or agent.
 - c. Requests for marijuana products shall expire one year after the date of issue, unless a shorter period of time is indicated by the physician authorized clinician. A pharmacist shall not dispense marijuana product pursuant to an expired request.
 - d. Requests for raw or crude marijuana products intended for persons under 21 years of age shall specifically indicate a recommendation for raw or crude forms of marijuana for such persons.
 - e. A marijuana pharmacy shall transfer an unexpired request for marijuana product to another marijuana pharmacy when requested by the patient or his caregiver.
 - 2. Upon request by the patient or caregiver and prior to dispensing any marijuana product to a patient, the pharmacist shall provide product testing results available to the pharmacist for the product contemplated for dispensing.
 - 3. Dispensing Marijuana Products
 - a. Prior to dispensing any marijuana product to a patient, the pharmacist shall review the patient's records in the state prescription monitoring program. The pharmacist shall resolve any concerns identified in that review by consultation with the recommending physician authorized clinician.
 - b. Dispensing Limitations
 - i. A pharmacist shall not dispense more than two and one-half ounces, or 71 grams, of raw or crude marijuana every 14 days to any person.

	Č	•	•		3		,				
1015		ii.	Subject to	the above lin	nitation or	n dispens	sing raw o	r crude mar	ijuana prod	ucts, a pharma	cist may
1016			dispense 1	marijuana prod	ducts on r	nultiple (occasions	as indicated	by the phy	/sician authoriz	<u>zed</u>
1017			clinician a	and needed by	the patie	nt until t	he request	expires; ho	wever, the	pharmacist sha	ıll not
1018			dispense 1	more than a 90	-day sup	ply of ma	arijuana pr	oduct at on	e time nor i	more than a on	e-year
1019			supply pu	rsuant to a sin	gle reque	st					
1020	4.	Dispens	ing Mariju	ana Products t	o Visiting	g Qualify	ing Patien	<u>its</u>			
1021		a. A v	isiting qua	lifying patient	may obta	ain medi	cal marijua	ana from a 1	narijuana p	harmacy, subj	ect to the
1022		dis	pensing lim	itations of Par	ragraph (3	3)(b) of t	his Subsec	ction, upon	producing e	evidence of his	valid
1023		me	dical mariji	uana registry i	dentificat	ion card.	, or its equ	ivalent, wh	ich has beer	n issued under	the
1024		me	dical mariji	uana laws of a	nother sta	ite, distri	ct, territor	y, common	wealth, or i	nsular possessi	ion of the
1025		Un	ited States	and in complia	ance with	R.S. 40:	:1046.1.				

- b A pharmacist may dispense medical marijuana to a visiting qualifying patient, subject to the dispensing limitations of Paragraph (3)(b) of this Subsection, upon obtaining evidence of his valid medical marijuana registry identification card, or its equivalent, which has been issued under the medical marijuana laws of another state, district, territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of the United States and in compliance with R.S. 40:1046.1.
- <u>5.</u>4. Labeling of Marijuana Product Dispensed

1027 1028

1029

1030

1031

1032

1033 1034

1035 1036

1037

1038

1039

1040

1041

1042 1043

1044

1045

1046

1047

1048 1049

1050

1051

1052

1053 1054

1055

1056 1057

1058

1059 1060

1061

1062

1063

1064 1065

1066 1067

1068

1069

1070

- a. The pharmacist shall not dispense any marijuana product that does not bear the producer label required by the LDAF <u>LDH</u>, and further, the pharmacy dispensing label shall not overlay or obscure the producer label in any way.
- b. The pharmacy's dispensing label shall contain, at a minimum, the following data elements:
 - i. name and address of the pharmacy dispensing the product;
 - ii. telephone number or other contact information of the pharmacy dispensing the product;
 - iii. name of the recommending physician authorized clinician;
 - iv. name of the patient;
 - v. date the product was dispensed;
 - vi. prescription number, which shall be a unique identifier for that specific transaction;
 - vii. name of the marijuana product, including any concentration, strength, or other identifiers of the marijuana product;
 - viii. quantity of marijuana dispensed;
 - ix. directions for use of the product;
 - x. expiration date of the product, which shall not exceed the expiration date determined by the producer of the product; and
 - xi. other information selected by the dispensing pharmacist to inform the patient as to the best use of the product for the intended purpose.
- <u>6.5.</u> The pharmacist shall comply with the rules on drug utilization review and patient counseling in Chapter 5 of this Part.
- <u>7.6.</u> Reporting transactions to state prescription monitoring program. The pharmacy shall comply with the reporting requirements as found in Chapter 29 of this Part.
- 8. 7. Disposal of Marijuana Product
 - a. A pharmacy may refuse to accept the delivery of marijuana product from a producer when it is determined to be misbranded, adulterated, expired, deteriorated, undesired, excess, unauthorized, or unfit for dispensing.
 - b. When the pharmacist determines a marijuana product is no longer suitable for dispensing, the product shall be removed from active dispensing stock and quarantined in the pharmacy pending its disposal
 - c. The pharmacist-in-charge shall render the waste unusable by grinding and incorporating the waste with other ground materials so the resulting mixture is at least 50 percent non-marijuana waste by volume. Material used to grind with the waste may include:
 - i. yard waste;
 - ii. paper waste;
 - iii. cardboard waste;
 - iv. plastic waste; or
 - v. soil or sand.
 - d. Waste shall be rendered unusable prior to leaving the pharmacy. Waste rendered unusable shall be disposed of by delivery to an approved solid waste facility for final disposition.
 - i. Examples of acceptable permitted solid waste facilities include:
 - (a). compost; anaerobic digester;

1076

1077 1078

1079

- (b). landfill, incinerator; or
- (c). waste-to-energy facility.
- e. The pharmacist-in-charge shall prepare a record of each disposal, and that record shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
 - i. brand name and other specific identifiers of the marijuana product disposed;
 - ii. quantity of product disposed;
 - iii. manner of disposal; and
 - iv. signatures of the pharmacist-in-charge disposing the product plus at least one witness who is either a credentialed staff member of that pharmacy or an agent of the board.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1550 (August 2017), amended LR 45:1473 (October 2019), LR 47:246 (February 2021), LR 47:1111 (August 2021), LR 48:1903 (July 2022), LR 48:2103 (August 2022), amended LR

1088

1089

1090

1091

1092

1093

1094

1095 1096

1097

1098

1099

§2459. Advertising

- A. The marijuana pharmacy shall not advertise through any public medium, including but not limited to newspapers, billboards, television, radio, internet, social media, or any other means designed to market its products to the general public.
- B. The marijuana pharmacy may market its products through direct mail, brochures, or other means to Louisianalicensed physicians, but only when such advertising is directed solely to the practitioner and is not available to the general public.
- C. Any advertisement permitted in Subsection B of this Section shall not:
 - 1. make any deceptive, false, or misleading assertions or statements regarding any product; or
 - 2. assert that its products are safe because they are regulated by LDAF or the board. The pharmacy may advertise that its products have been tested by an approved laboratory, but shall not assert that its products are safe because they are tested by an approved laboratory.
- D. The marijuana pharmacy may attach a maximum of two separate signs to the exterior of the building which identify the business by its business or trade name, provided that neither sign exceeds the size limit of 1,600 square inches.

1104

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 40:1046.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 43:1552 (August 2017), repealed LR