

Part C. Licensing, Registration, and Certification of Persons

§1201. Unlawful practice

- A. Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, it shall be unlawful for any individual to engage in the practice of pharmacy unless currently licensed or registered to practice under the provisions of this Chapter.
- B. Licensed practitioners authorized under the laws of this state to compound drugs and to dispense drugs to their patients in the practice of their respective professions shall meet the same standards, record keeping requirements, and all other requirements for the dispensing of drugs applicable to pharmacists.
- C. It shall be unlawful for any individual to assist in the practice of pharmacy unless currently registered or certified by the board.

§1202. Qualifications for licensure by examination

- A. To obtain a license to engage in the practice of pharmacy, an applicant for licensure by examination shall:
 - (1) Be at least twenty-one years of age.
 - (2) Be of good moral character and temperate habits.
 - (3) Meet the following educational requirements:
 - (a) Have graduated and received a professional degree from an approved college of pharmacy.
 - (b) Have graduated from a foreign college of pharmacy, completed a transcript verification program, taken and passed a college of pharmacy equivalency examination program, and completed a process of communication ability testing as defined by the board in order to assure that the applicant meets the standards necessary to protect public health, safety, and welfare.
 - (4) Supply proof, substantiated by proper affidavits, of a minimum of one year of service and experience through an internship or other program that has been approved by the board under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist, which service shall be predominantly related to the provision of pharmacy primary care and the dispensing of drugs and medical supplies, the compounding of prescriptions, and the keeping of records and the making of reports as required under state and federal law.
 - (5) Have submitted to the board an application, in the time frame and form prescribed by the board, by regulation.
(Amended by Act 357 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012)
 - (6) Have paid fees specified by the board for the examination, and issuance of the license, certificate, or registration and any related materials.
 - (7) Have passed an examination or examinations required by the board.
- B. Examinations.
 - (1) Due notice of all meetings for examination of applicants shall be given to all approved colleges of pharmacy in the state.
 - (2) The board shall determine the content and subject matter of each examination and approve the site and date of the administration of the examination.
 - (3) The examination shall be prepared to measure the knowledge of the applicant to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The board may employ, cooperate, and contract with any organization or consultant in the preparation and grading of an examination, but shall retain the sole discretion and responsibility for determining which applicants have passed such an examination.
 - (4) An applicant who takes and satisfactorily completes any board required examinations shall become licensed within one year of the examination dates or the results of the examinations shall become invalid.
 - (5) An applicant, who takes any board required examinations and is unsuccessful, may repeat the examinations as administratively defined.
 - (6) An applicant who takes any board required examinations or any examination or examinations in other jurisdictions and is unsuccessful for the third time shall not thereafter be eligible to take the board examination without satisfying the requirements of the board as administratively defined.
 - (a) An individual who has taken and failed the examinations more than three times may not practice as a pharmacy intern, as administratively defined.

- (b) An individual who has taken and failed for the third time a comparable examination to the board's examination within another jurisdiction shall not be eligible to take the examination of the board without satisfying the requirements of the board as administratively defined.

C. Internship and other training programs.

- (1) All applicants for licensure by examination shall obtain practical experience in the practice of pharmacy concurrent with attending or after graduation from an approved college of pharmacy, or both, under such terms and conditions as determined by regulation.
- (2) The board shall establish such licensure requirements for pharmacy interns and standards for internship, or any other experiential program necessary to qualify an applicant for the licensure examination, and shall also determine the qualifications of preceptors used in practical experience programs as determined by regulation.

§1203. Qualifications for reciprocity

A. In order for a pharmacist currently licensed in another jurisdiction to obtain a license as a pharmacist by reciprocity in this state, an applicant shall:

- (1) Have attained the age of twenty-one years.
- (2) Have good moral character and be of temperate habits.
- (3) Have possessed at the time of initial licensure as a pharmacist all qualifications necessary to have been eligible for licensure at that time in this state.
- (4) Have engaged in the practice of pharmacy for a period of at least one year or have met the internship requirements of this state within the one year period immediately previous to the date of such application.
- (5) Have submitted an application in the form prescribed by the board.
(Amended by Act 357 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012)
- (6) Have presented to the board evidence of initial licensure by examination and evidence that such license is in good standing.
- (7) Have presented to the board evidence of any disciplinary, criminal, or other adverse action, including arrests, taken against him by another licensing jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court. Such action may serve as grounds for the denial of reciprocity to an applicant.
(Amended by Act 164 of 2006 Legislature, effective August 15, 2006)
- (8) Have paid the fees specified by the board to defray the expenses of making an investigation of his character, general reputation, and licensure status in the state in which he has resided.
- (9) Have passed all examinations required by the board.

B. No applicant shall be eligible for licensure by reciprocity unless the state or jurisdiction in which the applicant was initially licensed as a pharmacist also grants reciprocity to a pharmacist duly licensed by examination in this state, under comparable circumstances and conditions.

C. Upon successful completion of the requirements of Subsections A and B, the board shall license the pharmacist within fourteen working days.

§1204. Certificates to be signed by board

The board members shall sign all original pharmacist certificates of licensure issued by the board.

§1205. Duplicate certificates

In case a certificate of a licensed pharmacist is lost, destroyed, or otherwise missing, the board shall issue a duplicate thereof, upon receipt of an affidavit attested to by the pharmacist setting forth the facts and circumstances surrounding the loss of the certificate and payment of the fee or fees as specified by the board.

§1206. Silver certificate

The board may issue a silver certificate for twenty-five continuous years of registration.

§1207. Renewal of license, registration, and certification; expiration; reinstatement

- A. (1) Each person licensed, registered, or certified by the board shall apply for renewal annually at a time designated by the board and pay a fee specified by the board. A person who desires to continue in the practice of pharmacy or assist in the practice of pharmacy in this state shall file with the board an application in such form and contain such data as the board may require, and complete such other

requirements as deemed necessary by the board, for renewal.

- (2) (a) (i) The board shall assess on each annual pharmacist license renewal as required by this Section an additional fee of one hundred dollars to be designated as the “pharmacy education support fee.” This fee shall be dedicated and allocated as specified in this Paragraph to an accredited school of pharmacy of a public university in this state. The board shall include on each license renewal form issued to a pharmacist an optional election whereby the person may elect not to remit the one hundred dollar pharmacy education support fee.
- (ii) For purposes of this Paragraph, “accredited” shall mean possession of current accreditation from the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education.
- (b) The board shall disburse all monies collected pursuant to this Paragraph to an accredited public university pharmacy school in this state on or before April first annually. The public university pharmacy school shall utilize these monies solely for the benefit of its pharmacy education program and the expenditure of such funds shall be approved by the board of supervisors of the university system of which the university is a member. The funds collected pursuant to this Paragraph shall be in addition to any other monies received by the university that operates the pharmacy school and are intended to supplement and not replace, displace, or supplant any other funds that the university receives from the state or from any other source.

(Amended by Act 298 of 2015 Legislature, effective August 1, 2015.)

- B. The board shall make available applications for renewal of licenses, registrations, and certificates to each licensed, registered, and certified person by a date designated by the board.
(Amended by Act 357 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012)
- C. If a person fails to make application to the board for renewal of his license, certification, or registration within a period determined by the board, the license, certification, or registration is expired and shall be deemed null and void.
- D. In order to reinstate the expired license, certification, or registration, the person shall meet requirements set by the board by regulation.

§1208. Waiver of licensure or certification renewal while in military service

Upon written request of any licensed pharmacist or certified technician serving in active duty in the military service of the United States or any of its allies, the board may waive the requirement for the annual renewal of pharmacist license or technician certificate, including the annual renewal fees.

(Amended by Act 358 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012)

§1209. Waiver of renewal fee when licensed fifty years; award

The board, in recognition of contributions to the practice of pharmacy, shall waive the annual renewal fee requirement for annual renewal of licensure for licensed pharmacists who have been duly registered and licensed to practice in Louisiana for not less than fifty years; in lieu thereof the board shall award to such pharmacists an honorary gold-embossed certificate. Such pharmacists desiring to continue to practice pharmacy shall file the annual renewal application and shall meet all other requirements for active licensure.

(Amended by Act 164 of 2006 Legislature, effective August 15, 2006)

§1210. Continuing education in pharmacy

The board shall establish requirements for continuing education in pharmacy, including the determination of acceptable program content. The board shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the stated objectives and purposes, to enforce the provisions of this Section.

§1211. Pharmacy intern

The board shall establish an internship program for the purpose of providing the practical experience necessary for licensure as a pharmacist. The board shall adopt rules and regulations regarding the standards and qualifications for internship programs.

§1212. Pharmacy technicians

The board may register individuals as pharmacy technician candidates and certify individuals as pharmacy technicians, both of whom may assist a pharmacist in the practice of pharmacy, as specified in board rules. Notwithstanding any provision in law to the contrary, in all cases, a pharmacist must verify the accuracy of a prescription before the drug or device may be transferred to a patient or patient's agent. The board may also set minimum training and education requirements and examinations for certification as a pharmacy technician as it deems

necessary. The board may, by rule, establish ratios for pharmacy technician candidates to pharmacists and pharmacy technicians to pharmacists, but in no case shall such ratio be less than two pharmacy technicians to one pharmacist. (Amended by Act 131 of 2004 Legislature, effective August 15, 2004; Act 387 of 2005 Legislature, effective August 15, 2005)

§1213. Notification of change of business place or employment

A pharmacist, pharmacy technician, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician candidate shall notify the board, in writing, of any change of employment within a time frame determined by the board by rule. (Amended by Act 357 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012)

§1214. Notification of change of address

A pharmacist, pharmacy technician, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician candidate shall notify the board, in writing, of a change of address within a time frame determined by the board by rule. (Amended by Act 357 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012)

§1215. Display of licenses, certificates, and registrations

(Repealed by Act 357 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012)

§1216. Authorization to obtain criminal history record information

- A. As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the following meaning:
- (1) “*Applicant*” means an individual who has made application to the board for the issuance, or reinstatement of any license, registration, certificate, permit, or any other designation deemed necessary to engage or assist in the practice of pharmacy that the board is authorized by law to issue.
 - (2) “*Bureau*” means the Louisiana Bureau of Criminal Identification and Information of the office of state police within the Department of Public Safety and Corrections.
 - (3) “*Criminal history record information*” means information collected by state and federal criminal justice agencies on individuals consisting of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, bills of information, or any formal criminal charges, and any disposition arising therefrom, including sentencing, criminal correctional supervision, and release, but does not include intelligence for investigatory purposes, nor does it include any identification information which does not indicate involvement of the individual in the criminal justice system.
 - (4) “*FBI*” means the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the United States Department of Justice.
 - (5) “*Licensure*” means any license, permit, certification, or registration that the board is authorized to issue.
- B. In addition to any other requirements established by regulation, the board may require an applicant, as a condition for eligibility for licensure:
- (1) To submit a full set of fingerprints, in a form and manner prescribed by the board.
 - (2) To permit the board to request and obtain state and national criminal history record information on the applicant.
 - (3) To collect from the applicant, in addition to all other applicable fees and costs, such amount as may be incurred by the board in requesting and obtaining state and national criminal history record information on the applicant.
- C. In accordance with the provisions and procedures prescribed by this Section, the board may request and obtain state and national criminal history record information from the bureau and the FBI relative to any applicant for licensure whose fingerprints the board has obtained pursuant to this Section for the purpose of determining the applicant’s suitability and eligibility for licensure.
- D. Upon request by the board and upon the board’s submission of an applicant’s fingerprints, and such other identifying information as may be required, the bureau shall conduct a search of its criminal history record information relative to the applicant and report the results of its search to the board within sixty days from receipt of any such request. The bureau may charge the board a processing fee pursuant to R.S. 15:587 for conducting and reporting on any such search.
- E. If the criminal history record information reported by the bureau to the board does not provide grounds for disqualification of the applicant for licensure under the applicable law administered by the board, the board shall have the authority to forward the applicant’s fingerprints and such other identifying information as may be required to the FBI with a request for a search of national criminal history record information relative to the applicant.

- F. Any and all state or national criminal history record information obtained by the board from the bureau or FBI which is not already a matter of public record shall be deemed nonpublic and confidential information restricted to the exclusive use of the board, its members, officers, investigators, agents, and attorneys in evaluating the applicant's eligibility or disqualification for licensure. No such information or records related thereto shall, except with the written consent of the applicant or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction, be released or otherwise disclosed by the board to any other person or agency.

(Added by Act 1052 of 2003 Legislature, effective August 15, 2003)

§1217. Authorization to compel evaluation

- A. As used in this Section the following terms shall have the following meaning:
- (1) "Evaluation" means a diagnostic assessment for impairment by a board-approved addictionist.
 - (2) "Impaired" or "impairment" means a condition that causes an infringement on the ability of a person to practice, or assist in the practice, of pharmacy sufficient to pose a danger to the public. Impairment may be caused by but is not limited to alcoholism, substance abuse or addiction, mental illness, or physical illness.
 - (3) "Licensee" means an applicant for or a person renewing any license, registration, certificate, permit, or any other designation deemed necessary to engage or assist in the practice of pharmacy issued by the board.
- B. In determining whether or not an impairment exists, the board, either through its impairment committee or upon joint agreement by the impairment committee chairman and the executive director, upon reasonable suspicion of such impairment shall have the authority to compel a licensee to submit to an evaluation, by such persons as the board may designate either in the course of an investigation or a disciplinary proceeding.
- C. Reasonable suspicion of impairment shall be presumed based upon preliminary evidence that the licensee is impaired based on specific objective and articulable facts and reasonable inferences drawn from those facts in light of experience. For purposes of this Section, facts and inferences may be based upon but not limited to any of the following:
- (1) Observable phenomena while practicing or assisting in the practice of pharmacy such as direct observation of alcohol or drug use or abuse or of the physical symptoms or manifestations of being impaired due to alcohol or other drug use;
 - (2) Abnormal conduct or erratic behavior while at work or a significant deterioration in work performance;
 - (3) A report of alcohol or other drug use provided by a reliable and credible source;
 - (4) Evidence that a licensee has received a positive result from any drug or alcohol test during the individual's employment with an employer;
 - (5) Evidence that a licensee has tampered with any drug or alcohol test during the individual's employment with an employer; or
 - (6) Evidence that a licensee has illegally manufactured, sold, distributed, solicited, possessed, used, or transferred drugs.
- D. Information submitted pursuant to this Section shall be confidential and not subject to discovery by or release to any person or entity. The licensee shall submit to the board a release of information authorizing the board to obtain a report of such evaluation.
- E. A licensee shall be offered, at reasonable intervals, an opportunity to demonstrate that such person can resume the competent practice or assistance in the practice of pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety to patients.
- F. For the purpose of this Section, a licensee shall be deemed to have consented to submit to an evaluation when directed in writing by the board and further to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the testimony of the person conducting any evaluation at any proceeding or hearing before the board on grounds that such testimony or evaluation constitutes a privileged communication.
- G. In any proceeding by the board pursuant to the provisions of this Section, the record of such board proceedings involving the evaluation shall not be used in any other administrative or judicial proceeding outside of the board's jurisdiction.
- H. Whenever the board directs a licensee to submit to an evaluation, the time from the date of the board's directive until the submission to the board of the report of the evaluation shall not be included in the computation of the time limit for any hearing that may occur in the matter.

(Added by Act 1052 of 2003 Legislature, effective August 15, 2003)

§1218. Administration of influenza immunization

A pharmacist may administer an influenza immunization to any person seven years of age or older without a prescription or medical order, contingent upon all of the following provisions:

- (1) The pharmacist shall administer influenza immunizations in conformance with the most current annual influenza vaccination administration protocol as set forth by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice (ACIP).
- (2) The pharmacist shall report each influenza immunization to the Louisiana Office of Public Health Immunization Registry at the time of the immunization or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter.
- (3) The pharmacist shall report all adverse events he observes or which are reported to him to the Vaccine Adverse Events Reporting System (VAERS), the cooperative program of the CDC and the United States Food and Drug Administration for vaccine safety, or its successor program; and further, the pharmacist shall refer the patient with an adverse event to the influenza immunization for appropriate medical care.
- (4) The pharmacist shall maintain for at least two years a record of each influenza immunization administered.
- (5) The pharmacist shall obtain the appropriate credential to administer influenza immunizations from the board, as administratively defined, prior to administering any such immunization.

(Added by Act 287 of 2010 Legislature, effective August 15, 2010)

§1218.1 Administration of immunizations and vaccines other than influenza immunizations

A. A pharmacist may administer to an individual age seventeen or older an immunization or a vaccine without a patient-specific prescription or medical order if the immunization or the vaccine is administered in conformance with the most current immunization administration protocol as set forth by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice. At the time that a pharmacist administers an immunization or vaccine under the provisions of this Section, the pharmacist shall also inform the individual that the administration of an immunization or vaccine under this Section is not to be construed as being in lieu of an annual checkup with the individual's primary care or family physician.

- (1) The pharmacist shall report each immunization to the Department of Health and Hospitals, office of public health's Louisiana Immunization Network for Kids Statewide at the time of the immunization or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, as this is the official state vaccination record.
- (2) The pharmacist shall report all adverse events he observes or which are reported to him to the Vaccine Adverse Events Reporting System, the cooperative program of the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the United States Food and Drug Administration for vaccine safety, or its successor program; and further, the pharmacist shall refer the patient with an adverse event to an immunization for appropriate medical care.
- (3) The pharmacist shall maintain for at least two years a record of each immunization administered.
- (4) The pharmacist shall obtain the appropriate credentials to administer immunizations from the board, as administratively defined, prior to administering any such immunization.
- (5) The pharmacist shall request the name of a patient's primary care provider prior to the administering of any immunization. If the patient identifies such primary care provider to the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall notify the primary care provider, by written or electronic communication, as soon as reasonably possible thereafter that the immunization was administered.

B. This Section shall not apply to the administering of an immunization pursuant to R.S. 37:1218.

(Added by Act 651 of 2012 Legislature, effective August 1, 2012; amended by Act 769 of 2014 Legislature, effective August 1, 2014.)

(end of Part C of Chapter 14)