

Louisiana Administrative Code

Title 46 – Professional and Occupational Standards

Part LIII: Pharmacists

Chapter 5. Pharmacists

Subchapter A. Licensure Procedures

§501. Application

- A. An application for initial pharmacist licensure, whether by examination or reciprocity, shall be submitted, with appropriate fee, to the board at least 30 days prior to any examination. An application shall expire one year after the date of receipt in the board office.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2082 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004.

§503. Examination

- A. Examination. A board-approved licensure examination shall consist of integrated pharmacy subject matters and any other disciplines the board may deem appropriate in order to demonstrate competence. An applicant shall achieve a passing score, as determined by the board, in the pharmacy examination.
- B. Re-examination. In the event the candidate fails the examination, the candidate may repeat the examination in compliance with the test administrator's policy.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2083 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004, amended by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 46:574 (April 2020).

§505. Licensure

- A. The board shall issue a license upon payment of appropriate fees when the board is satisfied the applicant is competent to practice pharmacy in the state.
1. Renewal. The board shall make the annual pharmacist license renewal application available to all currently licensed Louisiana pharmacists prior to November 1. The completed application along with the appropriate fee shall be submitted to the board by December 31 of each year. A renewal of licensure shall serve as proof of licensure and a pharmacist's license to practice pharmacy for that year of issuance.
 - a. Active. A pharmacist applicant shall pay the annual renewal fee, attain minimum continuing pharmacy education (CPE) as required, and complete and submit the annual renewal form to the board office before December 31 of each year.
 - b. Inactive. A pharmacist applicant may make a written request for inactive status from the board. The inactive pharmacist must complete the annual renewal form furnished by the board and submit it with the appropriate fee to the board before December 31 of each year. An inactive pharmacist shall not engage in the practice of pharmacy and is not required to obtain CPE. In order to upgrade an inactive license to active status, an inactive pharmacist shall petition the board and meet requirements of the reinstatement committee and the board. The board shall set the requirements necessary to assure competency for each individual applying for active status.
 2. Expired License. A pharmacist license that has not been renewed by December 31 of each year shall expire and be null and void. The holder of an expired license may submit a written request, complete with any supporting documentation, for reinstatement to the board. The request may be referred preliminarily to the board's reinstatement committee for an informal hearing and recommendation that may be considered by the board at its next regularly scheduled meeting. The board may reinstate an expired license upon payment of applicable annual, delinquent, and lapsed license fees pursuant to R.S. [37:1184](#), as amended, and other conditions as the board deems appropriate.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2083 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004, LR 33:1124 (June 2007), LR 38:1234 (May 2012), amended by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 46:1227 (September 2020).

§506. Preferential Licensing Procedures for Military-Trained Applicants and Their Dependents

A. Definitions. The following terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Subsection:

Dependent – a resident spouse or resident unmarried child under the age of 21 years, a child who is a student under the age of 24 years and who is financially dependent upon the parent, or a child of any age who is disabled and dependent upon the parent.

Jurisdiction – any state or territory of the United States of America.

Military – the armed forces or reserves of the United States, including the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Air Force, and the reserve components thereof, the National Guard of any state, the Military Reserves of any state, or the naval militia of any state.

B. Eligibility. The following persons are eligible for the preferential licensing procedures provided by this Section:

1. a member of the military who has been assigned to duty in Louisiana or his dependent;
2. a civilian employee of the United States Department of Defense who has been assigned to duty in Louisiana or his dependent;
3. a member of the military or civilian employee of the United States Department of Defense or their dependents who have established this state as their state of legal residence in their military record.

C. Requirements. Eligible persons seeking preferential licensing procedures shall demonstrate compliance with the following requirements:

1. the applicant holds a current and valid pharmacist license in another jurisdiction;
2. the applicant has held the license in the other jurisdiction for at least one year;
3. the applicant has satisfied all educational and experiential requirements required by the pharmacy regulatory authority in the other jurisdiction;
4. the applicant is held in good standing by the pharmacy regulatory authority in the other jurisdiction, or in the event such status is not used in this jurisdiction, the applicant holds an unrestricted license in that jurisdiction;
5. the applicant does not have a disqualifying criminal record as determined by the board;
6. the applicant has not had an occupational license revoked by a board in another jurisdiction due to negligence or intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation in another jurisdiction;
7. the applicant has not surrendered an occupational license due to negligence or intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation in another jurisdiction;
8. the applicant does not have a complaint, allegation, or investigation pending before a pharmacy regulatory authority in another jurisdiction which relates to unprofessional conduct or an alleged crime. If the applicant has a complaint, allegation, or investigation pending, the board shall not issue or deny a license until the complaint, allegation, or investigation is resolved, or the applicant otherwise satisfies the criteria for licensure in this state to the satisfaction of the board.
9. the applicant has paid all applicable fees in this state.
10. the applicant has applied for a permanent pharmacist license in this state. In the event the applicant fails to qualify for a permanent license as determined by the board, the special work permit issued under the authority of Subsection E of this Section shall be automatically terminated.

D. Upon receipt of an application for pharmacist licensure by an eligible applicant, the board staff shall mark the application for priority processing and preserve that status until the license is issued, or in the alternative, the board gives notice of its intent to deny the application and refuse to issue the license. The board shall notify the applicant of its licensing decision within 30 calendar days after receiving an application.

E. In the event the applicant intends to practice pharmacy before the issuance of the permanent license, the board may issue a special work permit to the applicant.

1. The special work permit shall expire 120 days after the date of issue and the permit shall not be renewable.
2. The special work permit shall identify the applicant, and further, shall indicate the authority for that person to practice pharmacy within the state of Louisiana as well as the dates of issue and expiration of the credential.
3. No applicant may practice pharmacy prior to the issuance of a special work permit or pharmacist license, or with an expired special work permit or pharmacist license.
4. The special work permit shall not be eligible for license transfer or reciprocity to any other jurisdiction.

5. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to a member of the military who has received, or is in the process of receiving, a dishonorable discharge from the military. Further, the provisions of this Section shall not apply to the spouse of a member of the military who has received, or is in the process of receiving, a dishonorable discharge from the military.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:3651.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 39:3075 (November 2013), amended by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 47:244 (February 2021).

§507. Continuing Education Program

- A. The board, recognizing that professional competency is a safeguard for the health, safety, and welfare of the public, shall require continuing pharmacy education as a prerequisite for annual licensure renewal for pharmacists.
- B. Definitions.
 1. *ACPE* – Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education.
 2. *CPE* – continuing pharmacy education, a structured postgraduate educational program for pharmacists to enhance professional competence.
 3. *CPE Monitor* – a collaborative service from the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy (NABP) and the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE) that provides an electronic system for pharmacists and pharmacy technicians to record and track their completed CPE activities.
 4. *CPE Unit* – a standard of measurement adopted by the ACPE for the purpose of accreditation of CPE programs. One CPE unit is equivalent to 10 credit hours.
- C. Requirements.
 1. A minimum of 1 1/2 ACPE or board-approved CPE units, or 15 hours, shall be required each year as a prerequisite for pharmacist licensure renewal. Of this number, no less than 3/10 ACPE or board-approved CPE units, or three hours, shall be acquired through live presentations, as designated by ACPE or the board. Alternatively, should a pharmacist choose to not acquire at least 3/10 ACPE or board-approved CPE units, or three hours, through live presentations, then he shall acquire an additional 5/10 ACPE or board-approved CPE units, or five hours, through any other acceptable method, over and above the minimum requirement, for a total of two ACPE or board-approved CPE units, or 20 hours.
 2. Pharmacists shall maintain individual records of personal CPE activities with CPE Monitor and shall authorize the board's access to their file by recording their Louisiana pharmacist license number within that file, and shall present a copy of their CPE Monitor transcript when requested by the board.
 3. When deemed appropriate and necessary by the board, some or all of the required number of hours may be mandated on specific subjects. When so deemed, the board shall notify all licensed pharmacists prior to the beginning of the year in which the CPE is required.
 4. When deemed appropriate and necessary by the board, the number of hours to be acquired through live presentations as designated by ACPE or the board may be increased. When so deemed, the board shall notify all licensed pharmacists prior to the beginning of the year in which the CPE is required.
- D. Compliance.
 1. Complete compliance with CPE rules is a prerequisite for pharmacist licensure renewal.
 2. Non-compliance with the CPE requirements shall be considered a violation of [R.S. 37:1241\(A\)\(2\)](#), and shall constitute a basis for the board to refuse licensure renewal.
 3. The failure to maintain an individual record of personal CPE activities, or falsification of CPE documents, shall be considered a violation of [R.S. 37:1241\(A\)\(22\)](#).

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 23:1306 (October 1997), LR 29:2083 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004, LR 33:1125 (June 2007), amended by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 46:569 (April 2020).

§509. Address Change

- A. A licensed pharmacist shall notify the board within 10 days, with documentation, attesting to any change of mailing and/or home address. This documented notice shall include the pharmacist's full name and license number, and the old and new address.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2083 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004.

§511. Employment Change

- A. A licensed pharmacist shall notify the board within 10 days, with documentation, attesting to any change in employment. This documented notice shall include the pharmacist's full name and license number, the name and address of old and new employment, and the permit numbers of those pharmacies involved.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2084 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004.

§513. Certified Pharmacist Preceptor Program

Repealed.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1211.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2084 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004, repealed LR 32:2256 (December 2006).

§514. Impairment

- A. *Impairment* or *Impaired* – a condition that causes an infringement on the ability of a person to practice, or assist in the practice, of pharmacy sufficient to pose a danger to the public. Impairment may be caused by, but is not limited to, alcoholism, substance abuse or addiction, mental illness, or physical illness.
- B. Pharmacists shall be non-impaired.
- C. Pharmacists who have knowledge another pharmacist, pharmacy intern, pharmacy technician, or pharmacy technician candidate is impaired shall notify the board of that fact as soon as possible.
- D. Pharmacists may be subject to a medical evaluation for impairment by a board-approved addictionist, as authorized by the Louisiana Pharmacy Practice Act, [R.S. 37:1161](#) *et seq.*

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 33:1125 (June 2007).

Subchapter B. Professional Practice Procedures

§515. Prospective Drug Utilization Review

- A. A pharmacist shall review the patient record and each prescription presented for dispensing for purposes of enhancing pharmacy care and therapeutic outcomes by recognizing the following potential situations:
 - 1. drug over-utilization or under-utilization;
 - 2. therapeutic duplication;
 - 3. drug-disease contraindications;
 - 4. drug-drug interactions;
 - 5. inappropriate drug dosage or treatment duration;
 - 6. drug-allergy interactions; or
 - 7. clinical abuse/misuse.
- B. Upon recognizing any of the above situations, the pharmacist, using professional judgment, shall take appropriate actions.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2084 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004.

§517. Patient Counseling

- A. Patient counseling means the effective communication by a pharmacist of information to the patient or caregiver, in order to ensure proper use of drugs and devices.
- B. Minimum Requirements. At a minimum, the pharmacist should be convinced that the patient or caregiver is informed of the following:
 - 1. name and description of the medication;
 - 2. dosage form, dosage, route of administration, and duration of therapy;
 - 3. special directions and precautions for preparation, administration, and use by the patient;
 - 4. common severe side effects or adverse effects or interactions and therapeutic contraindications that may be encountered, including their avoidance, and the action required in the event of their occurrence;

5. techniques for self-monitoring drug therapy;
 6. proper storage of the medication;
 7. prescription refill information, if any; and
 8. the action to be taken in the event of a missed dose.
- C. The pharmacist may supplement oral information with written information, but shall not use written information alone to fulfill the counseling requirement.
- D. Patient Information.
1. The pharmacist shall make a reasonable effort to obtain, record, and maintain the following information:
 - a. name, address, and telephone number;
 - b. date of birth (or age) and gender;
 - c. allergies/drug reactions, disease state(s); and
 - d. current list of all medications.
- E. Communication to the Patient.
1. A pharmacist shall counsel the patient or caregiver “face-to-face” when possible or appropriate. If it is not possible or appropriate to counsel the patient or caregiver “face-to-face”, then a pharmacist should counsel the patient or caregiver by using alternative methods. The pharmacist shall exercise his professional judgment in the selection of alternative methods, including but not limited to, telephonic or electronic communication with the patient or caregiver.
 2. A pharmacist shall provide patient counseling to patients discharged from hospitals and/or other institutions, where applicable. However, counseling shall not be required for inpatients of a hospital or institution where a nurse or other licensed health care professional is authorized to administer medication(s).
 3. The pharmacist shall maintain appropriate patient-oriented drug information materials for use by the patient upon request.
- F. Waiver. No pharmacist or pharmacy may solicit or encourage blanket waivers for patient counseling. However, nothing in this regulation shall prohibit the patient or caregiver from declining patient counseling.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2084 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004.

§519. State of Emergency

- A. When the Governor issues, or renews, a state of emergency pursuant to the Emergency Assistance and Disaster Act of 1993, [R.S. 29:721 et seq.](#) or a state of public health emergency” pursuant to the Louisiana Health Emergency Powers Act, [R.S. 29:760 et seq.](#):
1. A pharmacist may dispense an emergency prescription of up to a 90-day supply of a prescribed medication if:
 - a. in the pharmacist’s professional opinion the medication is essential to the maintenance of life or to the continuation of therapy; and
 - b. the pharmacist makes a good faith effort to reduce the information to a written prescription marked “emergency prescription”, then file and maintain the prescription as required by law.
 2. A pharmacist not licensed in Louisiana, but currently licensed in another state, may dispense prescription medications in the affected parish(es) during the time a state of emergency exists when:
 - a. the pharmacist has some type of identification to verify current unrestricted licensure in another state;
 - b. the pharmacist has obtained a special work permit from the board;
 - c. the pharmacist is engaged in a legitimate relief effort during the emergency period; and
 - d. the pharmacist and pharmacy notify the board of their presence and approximate location in the affected parish or parishes prior to the engagement of professional practice.
- B. The authority provided for in this Section shall cease with the termination of the state of emergency.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2085 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004, LR 33:1125 (June 2007), amended by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 47:592 (May 2021)..

§521. Administration of Medications

- A. Pharmacists and pharmacy interns who intend to administer medications to their patients shall obtain a medication administration registration from the board prior to engaging in such activity. Pharmacy interns in

possession of the medication administration registration may only administer medications while under the supervision of a pharmacist in possession of a medication administration registration.

B. Medication Administration Registration.

1. Eligibility.

- a. The applicant shall possess a pharmacist license or pharmacy intern registration issued by the board; and further, such credential shall be active and valid for practice.
- b. The applicant shall demonstrate current life safety certification by the American Heart Association through its Basic Cardiac Life Support (BLS) for Healthcare Providers course, or its successor, or by a board-approved equivalent.
- c. The applicant shall demonstrate successful completion of a certificate program for medication administration which has been approved by the board. The board may approve any program which is an evidence-based didactic course that meets current Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) training guidelines, or other guidelines as designated by the board, and provides a minimum of 20 hours of instruction and experiential training in the following content areas:
 - i. standards for medication administration practices;
 - ii. basic immunology;
 - iii. recommended medication administration schedules;
 - iv. vaccine storage and management;
 - v. informed consent;
 - vi. physiology and techniques for medication administration;
 - vii. pre- and post-administration assessment and counseling;
 - viii. medication administration record management; and
 - ix. management of adverse events, including identification and appropriate response, as well as documentation and reporting.

2. Application for Initial Issuance

- a. The applicant shall complete the application form supplied by the board and furnish the information requested.
- b. The applicant shall retain evidence of their education, training, and continuing competency; and further, shall furnish copies of such documentation upon request by the board.
- c. The board shall issue the registration with an expiration date matching the expiration date of the life safety certification card supplied with the application.

3. Renewal

- a. In the event the pharmacist license or pharmacy intern registration expires before the expiration date of the medication administration registration, then the authority to administer medications shall terminate. The authority to administer medications requires the primary credential as well as the medication administration registration to be active at the same time.
- b. The renewal of an expired medication administration registration requires documentation of a current life safety certification as described above.
- c. To maintain continuing competency for medication administration, the pharmacist shall acquire at least one hour of continuing education per year related to this topic. Continuing education activities obtained for this purpose shall be acquired from a provider accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE); and further, the credit earned for such programs may be included within the total number of credits required to renew the pharmacist license.

C. Vaccines.

1. The pharmacist shall maintain and furnish the following information to the practitioner within 24 hours of the administration:
 - a. name and address of the patient;
 - b. age of the patient, if under 14 years of age;
 - c. name of the patient's primary care physician as provided by the patient or patient's agent;
 - d. name, manufacturer, and lot number of the vaccine administered;
 - e. amount administered;
 - f. date of vaccine administration;
 - g. site of vaccine administration;
 - h. route of administration; and
 - i. name, address, and telephone number of the pharmacist administering the vaccine.
2. The immunizing pharmacist or his designee shall report the immunization to the state immunization registry within 72 hours of the administration of the immunization.

D. Pharmacies hosting immunization activities, as well as pharmacists administering immunizations in a location other than a pharmacy, shall comply with the following minimum standards:

1. There shall be sufficient staffing available for the pharmacist to administer the immunization and monitor the patient afterward without distraction from other responsibilities.
2. To facilitate emergency management of anaphylactic reactions, there shall be adequate supplies of medication and equipment, as well as pre-determined procedures for the arrangement of emergency medical services.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 14:708 (October 1988), effective January 1, 1989, amended LR 29:2085 (October 2003), effective January 1, 2004, LR 34:1409 (July 2008), amended by the Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy, LR 46:578 (April 2020), LR 47:1641 (November 2021).

§523. Collaborative Drug Therapy Management

A. Definitions. As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section:

Board – the Louisiana Board of Pharmacy.

Collaborative Drug Therapy Management or *Drug Therapy Management* – that practice in which a pharmacist voluntarily agrees with a physician to manage the disease specific drug therapy of one or more patients of such physician, within a predetermined range of medication selected by the physician and set forth in a patient specific written order set. Drug therapy management shall be limited to:

- a. monitoring and modifying a disease specific drug therapy;
- b. collecting and reviewing patient history;
- c. obtaining and reviewing vital signs, including pulse, temperature, blood pressure, and respiration;
- d. ordering, evaluating, and applying the results of laboratory tests directly related to the disease specific drug therapy being managed under an order set, provided such tests do not require the pharmacist to interpret such testing or formulate a diagnosis; and
- e. providing disease or condition specific patient education and counseling.

Controlled Substance – any substance defined, enumerated, or included in federal or state statute or regulations, or any substance which may hereafter be designated as a controlled substance by amendment or supplementation of such statute or regulations.

Disease Specific Drug Therapy – a specific drug or drugs prescribed by a physician for a specific patient of such physician that is generally accepted within the standard of care for treatment of the diseases or condition.

Drug –

- (a) any substance recognized as a drug in the official compendium, or supplement thereto, designated by the board for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of diseases in humans or animals;
- (b) any substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of diseases in humans or other animals, or
- (c) any substance other than food intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or other animals.

Drugs of Concern – a drug that is not a controlled substance but which is nevertheless defined and identified in accordance with procedures established by the Louisiana Prescription Monitoring Program Act, [R.S. 40:1001 - 1014](#), as a drug with the potential for abuse.

Pharmacist – for purposes of this Section, an individual who has a current unrestricted license to practice pharmacy in this state duly licensed by the board, who is approved by the board to engage in collaborative practice for a specific disease or condition based on the pharmacist's training and experience.

Physician – an individual lawfully entitled to engage in the practice of medicine in this state as evidenced by a current, unrestricted license duly issued by the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners.

Prescribe – a request or order transmitted in writing, orally, electronically or by other means of telecommunication for a drug that is issued in good faith, in the usual course of professional practice and for a legitimate medical purpose, by a physician for the purpose of correcting a physical, mental or bodily ailment of his patient.

Order Set – a written set of directives or instructions containing each of the components specified elsewhere in this Section for collaborative drug therapy management of disease specific drug therapy for a specific patient. The order set shall be signed by the physician and represents the physician orders for the collaborative drug therapy management to be provided to the patient.

B. Registration

1. Eligibility

- a. No pharmacist shall engage in collaborative drug therapy management in this state until registered with the board in accordance with this Section. To be eligible for registration, a pharmacist shall, as of the date of the application:

- i. possess a current, unrestricted license to practice pharmacy issued by the board and not be the subject of a pending investigation or complaint by the board or by the pharmacy licensing authority of any other state or jurisdiction;
 - ii. be actively engaged in the practice of pharmacy in this state and the provision of pharmacist care similar to the activities anticipated in the collaborative drug therapy management agreement.
 - b. A pharmacist shall be deemed ineligible for registration of collaborative drug therapy management who:
 - i. does not possess the qualifications prescribed by §523.B.1.a;
 - ii. has voluntarily surrendered or had suspended, revoked, or restricted his controlled dangerous substances license, permit, or registration (state or federal);
 - iii. has had a pharmacy license suspended, revoked, placed on probation or restricted in any manner by the board or by the pharmacy licensing authority of any other state or jurisdiction;
 - iv. has had an application for pharmacist licensure rejected or denied; or
 - v. has been, or is currently in the process of being denied, terminated, suspended, refused, limited, placed on probation or under other disciplinary action with respect to participation in any private, state, or federal health insurance program.
 - c. The board may, in its discretion, waive the limitations referenced in Subparagraph B.1.b of this Section on a case-by-case basis.
 - d. The board may deny registration to an otherwise eligible pharmacist for any of the causes enumerated in causes enumerated in [R.S. 37:1241\(A\)](#), or any other violation of the provisions of the Pharmacy Practice Act or the board's rules.
 - e. The burden of satisfying the board as to the eligibility of a pharmacist for registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall be upon the pharmacist. A pharmacist shall not be deemed to possess such qualifications unless and until the pharmacist demonstrates and evidences such qualifications in the manner prescribed by and to the satisfaction of the board.
2. Application and Issuance
 - a. Application for registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall be made upon forms supplied by the board. Application forms and instructions may be obtained from the board's website or by contacting the board's office.
 - b. An application for registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall include:
 - i. the pharmacist's full name, license number, mailing address of record, and emergency contact information;
 - ii. the nature of the collaborative drug therapy management activities contemplated, i.e., the disease or condition proposed for management;
 - iii. a description of the pharmacist's professional education that qualifies him to engage in collaborative drug therapy management activities described in the application;
 - iv. proof documented in a form satisfactory to the board that the pharmacist possesses the qualifications set forth in this Section; and
 - v. such other information and documentation as the board may require to evidence qualification for registration.
 - c. The board may reject or refuse to consider any application for registration which is not complete in every detail required by the board. The board may, in its discretion, require a more detailed or complete response to any request for information set forth in the application as a condition to consideration.
 - d. A pharmacist seeking registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall be required to appear before the board or its designee if the board has questions concerning the nature or scope of the pharmacist's application, finds discrepancies in the application, or for other good cause as determined by the board.
 - e. When all the qualifications, requirements, and procedures of this Section are met to the satisfaction of the board, the board shall approve and register a pharmacist to engage in collaborative drug therapy management. Registration of authority to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall not be effective until the pharmacist receives notification of approval from the board.
 - f. Although a pharmacist shall notify the board each time he intends to engage in collaborative drug therapy management with a physician other than the physician identified in the pharmacist's original application, registration with the board is only required once. The board shall maintain a list of pharmacists who are registered to engage in collaborative drug therapy management.

- g. Each pharmacist registered to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall be responsible for updating the board within 10 days in the event of any change in the information recorded in the original application.
3. Expiration of Registration; Renewal
 - a. A pharmacist's registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management with a physician shall terminate and become void, null and without effect upon the earlier of:
 - i. death of either the pharmacist or physician;
 - ii. loss of license of the pharmacist;
 - iii. disciplinary action limiting the ability of the pharmacist to enter into collaborative drug therapy management;
 - iv. notification to the board that the pharmacist has withdrawn from collaborative drug therapy management;
 - v. a finding by the board of any of the causes that would render a pharmacist ineligible for registration; or
 - vi. expiration of a pharmacist's license or registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management for failure to timely renew such license or registration.
 - b. Registration of authority to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall expire annually on the same day as a pharmacist's license unless renewed by the pharmacist by completing the application form supplied by the board. An application for registration renewal shall be made part of and/or accompany a pharmacist's renewal application for pharmacist licensure.
 - c. The timely submission of an application for renewal of registration shall operate to continue the expiring registration in effect pending renewal of registration or other final action by the board on such application for renewal.
- C. Advisory Committee. The Collaborative Drug Therapy Management Advisory Committee, constituted as provided for in LAC 46:XLV.7417, shall assist the Board of Medical Examiners and the Board of Pharmacy on matters relative to collaborative drug therapy management. The president of the Board of Pharmacy shall appoint a pharmacist to serve on the committee, and said pharmacist shall serve at the pleasure of the Board of Pharmacy.
- D. Standards of Practice
 1. Authority, Responsibility, and Limitations of Collaborative Drug Therapy Management
 - a. A pharmacist registered with the board under this Section may engage in collaborative drug therapy management with a physician in accordance with a patient specific, drug specific, disease specific order set satisfying the requirements of this Section.
 - b. A pharmacist engaged in collaborative drug therapy management shall:
 - i. retain professional responsibility to his patient for the management of their drug therapy;
 - ii. establish and maintain a pharmacist-patient relationship with each patient subject to collaborative drug therapy management;
 - iii. be geographically located to be physically present to provide pharmacist care to a patient subject to collaborative drug therapy management;
 - iv. provide on a scheduled basis no less than every three months, a status report on the patient, including but not limited to, any problem, complication, or other issues relating to patient non-compliance with drug therapy management. This requirement may be met by entering the information in the patient's medical record; and
 - v. be available through direct telecommunication for consultation, assistance, and direction.
 - c. A pharmacist's registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management with a physician is personal to the pharmacist. A pharmacist registered to engage in drug therapy management shall not allow another pharmacist not so registered or any other individual to exercise the authority conferred by such registration.
 - d. Collaborative drug therapy management shall only be utilized for disease specific drug therapy as defined in this Section.
 - e. The scope of the collaborative drug therapy management shall not include:
 - i. any patient of the physician for whom such physician has not prepared a patient specific, drug specific, disease or condition specific order set based on a face-to-face visit with the patient;
 - ii. initiation or discontinuance of drug therapy by a pharmacist, except as specified in the order set;
 - iii. the management of controlled substances or drugs of concern; or
 - iv. substitution of a drug prescribed by a physician without the explicit written consent of such physician.

2. Informed Consent
 - a. A pharmacist shall not engage in collaborative drug therapy management of a patient without the patient's written informed consent.
 - b. In addition to the requirements provided by law for obtaining a patient's informed consent, each patient who is subject to collaborative drug therapy management shall be:
 - i. informed of the collaborative nature of drug therapy management for the patient's specific medical disease or condition and provided instructions and contact information for follow-up visits with the pharmacist and physician;
 - ii. informed he may decline to participate in a collaborative drug therapy management practice and may withdraw at any time without terminating the physician-patient or pharmacist-patient relationship; and
 - iii. provided written disclosure of any contractual or financial arrangement with any other party that may impact one of the party's decision to participate in the agreement.
 - c. All services provided shall be performed in a setting which insures patient privacy and confidentiality.
3. Order Sets
 - a. A separate order set shall be written for each patient to be managed by collaborative drug therapy management. A copy of each order set shall be:
 - i. provided to the collaborating physician and pharmacist; and
 - ii. made part of the patient's pharmacy record.
 - b. A physician shall develop a patient specific order set for a particular patient or utilize a standard written protocol order set, incorporating what patient specific deviations, if any, the physician may deem necessary or appropriate for such patient. In either event, an order set for disease specific drug therapy shall adhere to generally accepted standards of care and shall identify, at a minimum:
 - i. the pharmacist, the physician, and telephone number and other contact information for each;
 - ii. the patient's name, address, gender, date of birth, and telephone number;
 - iii. the disease or condition to be managed;
 - iv. the disease specific drug or drugs to be utilized;
 - v. the type and extent of drug therapy management the physician authorizes the pharmacist to perform;
 - vi. the specific responsibilities of the pharmacist and physician;
 - vii. the procedures, criteria, or plan the pharmacist is required to follow in connection with drug therapy management;
 - viii. the specific laboratory test or tests, if any, directly related to drug therapy management the physician authorizes the pharmacist to order and evaluate;
 - ix. the reporting and documentation requirements of the pharmacist and physician respecting the patient and schedule by which such are to take place;
 - x. the conditions and events upon which the pharmacist and physician are required to notify one another; and
 - xi. procedures to accommodate immediate consultation by telephone or direct telecommunication with, between, or among the pharmacist, physician, and the patient.
 - c. Each order set utilized for collaborative drug therapy management of a patient shall be reviewed annually by the collaborating physician, or more frequently as such physician deems necessary, to address patient needs and to insure compliance with the requirements of this Section. The physician's signature and date of review shall be noted on the order set and maintained by the pharmacist in accordance with this Section.
4. Reporting Obligations and Responsibilities
 - a. A pharmacist engaged in collaborative drug therapy management shall report annually, as a condition to the renewal of his registration, whether or not and the extent to which the pharmacist is engaged in collaborative drug therapy management and such other information as the board may request.
 - b. A pharmacist engaged in collaborative drug therapy management shall comply with reasonable requests by the board for personal appearances or information relative to the functions, activities, and performance of a pharmacist or physician engaged in collaborative drug therapy management.
5. Records
 - a. The following information shall be included in the pharmacy's record of a patient subject to collaborative drug therapy management:
 - i. the prescription or order implementing collaborative drug therapy management;
 - ii. the order set applicable to the patient evidencing documentation of the physician's annual

- review;
 - iii. documentation of all activities performed by the pharmacist;
 - iv. consultations and status reports by and between the pharmacist and physician; and
 - v. documentation of the patient's informed consent to collaborative drug therapy management.
- b. A pharmacist registered to engage in collaborative drug therapy management shall maintain and produce, upon inspection conducted by or at the request of a representative of the board, a copy of any order sets and such other records or documentation as may be requested by the board to assess a pharmacist's compliance with requirements of this Section, the Pharmacy Practice Act, or other applicable board rules.

E. Sanctions

1. Action Against Registration. For noncompliance with any of the provisions of this Section, the board may, in addition to or in lieu of administrative proceedings against a pharmacist's license, suspend or revoke a pharmacist's registration to engage in collaborative drug therapy management, or may impose such terms, conditions, or restrictions thereon as the board may deem necessary or appropriate.
2. Action Against Pharmacist License. Any violation or failure to comply with the provisions of this Section shall be deemed a violation of [R.S. 37:1241](#)(A)(1), as well as a violation of any other applicable provisions of R.S. 37:1241(A), providing cause for the board to take any of the actions permitted in R.S. 37:1241(A) against the pharmacist's license.
4. Unauthorized Practice. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as authorizing a pharmacist to issue prescriptions, exercise independent medical judgment, render diagnoses, provide treatment, assume independent responsibility for patient care, or otherwise engage in the practice of medicine as defined in the [Louisiana Medical Practice Act](#). Any person who engages in such activities, in the absence of medical licensure issued by the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners, shall be engaged in the unauthorized practice of medicine and subject to the penalties prescribed by the Louisiana Medical Practice Act.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1164(37)(b)(i).

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 33:1125 (June 2007), amended LR 39:3291 (December 2013).

§525. Cognitive Services

A. Definitions. As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section.

Cognitive Services – those acts and operations related to a patient's drug therapy that are judgmental in nature, based on knowledge, and derived from empirical factual information. Such services may include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

- a. Drug regimen review, drug use evaluation and drug information;
- b. Provision of advice and counsel on drugs, the selection and use thereof to the facility the patients therein, the healthcare providers of the facility regarding the appropriateness, use, storage, handling, administration and disposal of drugs within the facility;
- c. Participation in the development of policies and procedures for drug therapy within the institution, including storage, handling, administration and disposing of drugs and devices;
- d. Assuring the compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- e. Provision of educational and drug information sources for the education and training of the facility healthcare professionals;
- f. Accepting responsibility for the implementation and performance of review of quality-related or sentinel events.

B. Practice

1. A pharmacist who provides cognitive services to Louisiana residents shall be licensed by the board.
2. Cognitive services provided from outside a permitted pharmacy may not include the physical dispensing of medications to patients.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1182.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Pharmacy, LR 38:1234 (May 2012).